

THEATERS—

**LOS ANGELES THEATER—**  
C. M. WOOD, Lessee and Treas. H. C. WYATT, Manager.  
MATINEE TODAY 2:40 P.M.—LAST PERFORMANCE TONIGHT.  
The Kings of Minstrelsy, Primrose and West's Big Minstrel, George H. Primrose, America's Greatest Minstrel, George Wilson, the Famous Comedian, E. M. Hall and 40 others. Watch for the Grand Street Parade.  
Seats now on sale. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. Tel. Main 70.  
Next Attraction, The Season's Society Success—Three nights, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, March 3, 4 and 5, Matinee Saturday. Mrs. Ada Dow Currier presents MISS JANE W. ALDORF, and a strong supporting company, in Love's Heroic Drama "INGOMAR, THE BARBARIAN," Thursday and Saturday Evening. And Sheridan Knowles's Comedy "THE HUNCHBACK," Friday Evening and Saturday Matinee. Mrs. Currier is the lady who presented Julia Marlowe to the public. Seats now on sale. Prices 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. Tel. Main 70.

**ORPHEUM—** Los Angeles Society Vaudeville Theater.  
**GRAND BENEFIT MATINEE TODAY FOR LA FIESTA, '98.**  
Entire Proceeds Donated to the Fiesta Fund.  
Al Wilson, German comedian and yodler; the Nawas, the great Irish comedy duo; Gloss Brothers, gladiatorial gymnasts. Last week of the great Clivette, Bros. Damm, Fille's dogs, Fannie Bloodgood, Williams and Adams.  
Prices Never Changing—Evening, Reserved seats 25c and 50c; Gallery 10c. Regular Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. Telephone Main 1447.

**BURBANK THEATER—** JOHN C. FISHER, Manager.  
Week beginning Monday, Feb. 28—THE ELLEFORD COMPANY.  
First half of week and Saturday matinee, "The Runaway Wife"  
the society comedy.  
Last half of week the big realistic production "THE FIRE PATROL."  
Prices 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c. Matinees 10c and 25c. Phone Main 1270.

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Arrive Kansas City, 6:00 p.m. Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday.  
Arrive St. Louis, 7:00 a.m. Wednesday, Friday and Monday.  
Arrive Chicago, 9:45 a.m. Wednesday, Friday and Monday.  
This splendid train is for first-class travel only, but there is no extra charge beyond the regular ticket and sleeping-car rate. Dining-cars serve breakfast leaving Los Angeles. Vestibuled and electric lighted. All the luxuries of modern travel.

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**Santa Fe Route**  
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Arrive Redlands, 11:45 a.m.  
Leave Redlands, 11:55 a.m.  
Arrive Riverside, 12:25 p.m.  
Leave Riverside, 1:45 p.m.  
Arrive Los Angeles, 6:25 p.m.  
Arrive Pasadena, 6:50 p.m.  
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**MOUNT LOWE RAILWAY—**  
The large telescope on Echo Mountain, under the direction of Dr. Lewis Swift, brings the moon within 2000 miles of the earth. Monday and Tuesday evenings of this week it will be at its best stage. Craters, cathedral spires, dry lakes, etc., distinctly visible. A very beautiful sight and a fine opportunity to study the wonders of the heavens. Office 214 S. Spring St. Telephone Main 960.

**AMUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS—**  
With Dates of Events.  
**Y. M. C. A. HALL—**  
**WAGNER**  
Mystic Poet Musician! Lecture and Musical Recital. Mrs. Alice Cleather and Mr. Basil Crump, Distinguished Lecturers of the London Wagner Society. Stereoscopic Views and Favorite Selections. Thursday, March 3, 1898, at 8 p.m. Admission 50c; reserved seats 75c. Seats on sale at Fitzgerald Music Co.

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Nearly 100 GIGANTIC BIRDS. One of the Sights of America.  
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Pasadena Electric and Terminal Cars stop at the gate.

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New crop Artichokes, Cucumbers, new Potatoes, French Salads, Brussels Sprouts, Rhubarb, White Prime Celery, etc. REMEMBER we carry every thing in the vegetable line, and our prices are the lowest.  
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Pianos and Organs, Tuning and Repairing. Call at Recital Hall, 113 1/2 South Spring Street, until new building is completed.

HIS JUDGMENT.

Secretary Long on the Maine Disaster.

Culpability of Spanish Officials is not Proven.

Casual Remark Sets the Capitol Gossips Talking.

NOT AN OFFICIAL OPINION.

No Facts on Which to Base One Yet Received.

Party of Congressmen to Make an Investigation.

Senator Thurston and Others to Leave for Havana.

PROGRESS OF THE INQUIRY.

The Court Verifies Testimony heretofore Taken—The Bache Brings from Cuba the Unburied Dead—Madrid Advances.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]  
NEW YORK, March 1.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The chief development today in the Maine affair was the statement of Secretary of Navy Long that he was inclined to think the matter of "official participation" by the Spanish government in the destruction of the Maine was practically eliminated from inquiry as to the cause of the wreck. Pains were taken at the Navy Department to impress the idea that Mr. Long's statement was not official, but simply an expression of his personal opinion, but it is obvious that the statement might have been made officially and as representing the views of not only the Navy Department, but the entire administration.

The possibility of a conflict with Spain over the main question of Cuban independence is regarded in Washington as another matter. It is said the President has not relinquished his purpose to do something to put an end to the atrocities of warfare in Cuba, and in his determination in this direction it is suggested the real danger of conflict exists, if it exists anywhere. The court of inquiry continued to examine witnesses in Key West. It may complete its work there tomorrow and start at once for Havana to resume investigation there. No bodies were recovered from the Maine today, but divers succeeded in entering the torpedo compartment, where they hoped to find the bodies of Lieut. Jenkins and Assistant Engineer Merritt, as well as those of others of the crew of the battleship.

The officers mentioned were last seen in the after torpedo compartment, and up to this morning divers feared to enter it, there being great danger that the life lines or air tubes might catch in the wreckage about the smokestack. Spanish divers will begin work tomorrow morning.

The subsidence of the war scare had a salutary effect in Wall street. Dealings in stocks were larger than yesterday, and were distributed upon about the same scale. Sugar refining led in respect to activity, and closed 3/4 points higher than yesterday. Local traction stocks, Manhattan Elevated and Metropolitan Railway, received more attention than at any time since the forced liquidation in them last Thursday, with the result of closing above five and ten points higher respectively.

**MR. LONG'S STATEMENT.**  
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]  
WASHINGTON, March 1.—The main interest of the day in connection with the Maine inquiry centered in a statement by Secretary Long, following the Cabinet meeting, that in his personal opinion any official participation by the Spanish government in the blowing up of the Maine was now practically eliminated from the situation. This statement was not of a formal or official character, and was made by Mr. Long as he walked away from the White House.

As usual, the various Cabinet officers were besieged with inquiries as to the questions before the meeting, and in response to these importunities the Secretary rather casually summed up the situation in a few words, stating that most of the time had been given to the outrages on colored postmasters in the South. Naturally, the Cuban situation had been gone over, he said, but there were no actual developments, and he felt that public excitement in the subject had materi-

ally abated. Then he added the statement, in the same passing way, that any participation by the Spanish government in the blowing up of the Maine was practically eliminated, in his judgment.

This last remark was speedily given wide circulation apart from the quieting references which had accompanied it. It immediately started much comment and discussion, and when Mr. Long returned to the Navy Department after lunch he found that what he had intended to convey was being given the force of an official declaration that Spain's responsibility for the disaster had been eliminated. In order to make clear his meaning, as a personal expression of opinion, Mr. Long dictated the following statement:

"The main things we talked about in Cabinet were the outrages on the postmasters, one a white man in Georgia, and one a colored man in South Carolina. In regard to the Cuban situation, I said I thought things were growing quieter every day, and as far as my judgment went I was inclined to think any official participation on the part of the Spanish government in the disaster was now practically eliminated."

The foregoing conveyed all that Secretary Long desired to say on the subject, and this much was given only to offset enlarged versions of what he had said. Persons occupying the closest relations with the Secretary said that the opinion expressed was such as anyone might give with the facts now at hand. It was not in any sense, it was explained, a conclusion drawn from new evidence not made public, either from the court of inquiry or any officer now concerned in the inquiry. Neither facts nor intimations have come from such sources, it is said at the department, which would serve as the basis of an opinion.

The official declaration of Señor du Bose, the Spanish chargé d'affaires, that no mines nor submarine defenses exist in the harbor of Havana, had come to the attention of Secretary Long, and this statement from the authorized representative of the Spanish government was felt to have been given its due weight in the opinion expressed by the Secretary. It was pointed out by persons bearing close relations with the Secretary that the language used was "official participation" on the part of the Spanish government. This, it was said, had no bearing on the question of Spain's responsibility. The "official participation" of Spain was one thing, while the responsibility of Spain, in case the disaster proved to be of external origin, was quite another thing. The Secretary's statement was restricted, it was explained, to excluding Spain from direct official knowledge and participation in the affair. In case it was shown that the act was due to some fanatic or person not connected with the government, then the question of Spain's responsibility would be still open. Mr. Long was much surprised that so much attention had been given to his passing allusion.

Aside from this incident, the day brought forth few developments of importance relating to the Maine. No dispatches of any character from Key West, where the court of inquiry is sitting, were given out during the day, and as the rule of publicity is still in force, presumably nothing came from that quarter. The vessel's movements announced during the day were devoid of significance.

The two outrages on Republican postmasters in the South discussed, occurred at Lake City, S. C., and Ada, Ga. Freeman, the postmaster at the latter place, was assassinated before he entered upon the discharge of his duties as postmaster. The President, it is said, is very much disturbed by these acts, though he views with satisfaction the fact that the whole southern press has expressed its indignation. The first impulse of the officials, in cases like those cited, it is said, is to abolish the office where the outrage occurred, although it is realized that such a step would deprive of their postal facilities, large numbers of citizens who have nothing to do with the killing. The President, therefore, finds it difficult to lay down a rigid rule that can be applied in all cases. The office at Lake City has been abolished, but so far nothing has been done regarding the case at Ada.

Orders went out from the Navy Department late this afternoon to put the ironclads Miantonomah and Katahdin into commission on the 10th inst. They are now at the League Island navy yard, where they have been laid up for a year or two past. It is said at the department that the purpose of putting them in commission is to make berths for the survivors of the Maine, now at Key West, waiting on the court of inquiry, which, without doubt will have finished with them by the 10th inst.

The Miantonomah is a formidable double-turreted monitor, carrying four 10-inch guns. She is of 3990 tons displacement, and steams ten and a half knots an hour. In addition to her main battery, she carries a good secondary battery of rapid-fire guns, and her turrets are clad with eleven and a half-inch armor. Her commander has not yet been definitely selected, but the remainder of her officers will be as follows: Lieutenant-Commander Wilson, executive officer; Lieut. Underwood, navigator; Lieut. Hoag, gun and Ensign Colman, watch officers; Passed Assistant Surgeon Weaver, Chief Engineer Parks.

The Katahdin, otherwise known as the Ammen ram, is a freak in naval architecture, and although opinions are divided as to her qualities, there is little doubt that her presence in any

harbor would make an enemy anxious. She lies mostly under water, with a turtleback of steel varying in thickness from 2 1/2 to 6 inches, and the theory of her designer, Admiral Ammen, was that this armor plate could not be struck directly by a shot from another, and that any such shot would be harmlessly deflected by the sloping steel deck. In action, the conning tower and smokestack are about all of the ship that would present a mark. The former is made of steel eighteen inches thick. The Katahdin is a ram, pure and simple, having in the way of weapons of offense nothing except her sharp steel beak and a few small rapid-fire guns to keep off boarders or torpedo boats. When she was designed, her speed was placed at a very high mark, but she did not realize expectations, owing to her peculiar model. Her personnel will be as follows: Captain, Commander Wilde, at present naval secretary of the Lighthouse board; Executive Officer, Lieut. Lowe; Navigator, Lieut. Culver; Chief Engineer, Being and Ensign Campbell. The two vessels have crews respectively of 150 and 90 men.

It was just learned at the Navy Department today why the Maine was tied up to a buoy in Havana Harbor, instead of anchoring, a fact that has been the base for some theories as to the cause of the disaster. It is stated that not only is a man-of-war at a buoy in much better place for quick service than when anchored, but it appears that if a ship casts her anchor in Havana Harbor, so foul and polluted with yellow fever and other disease germs is the mud that adheres to it when it is hoisted that the ship must go into quarantine upon her return to any Florida port.

LONG'S CASUAL REMARK.

The Element of Spanish Liability Has Been Eliminated.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]  
WASHINGTON, March 1.—Following the Cabinet meeting, a report was circulated that Secretary Long had stated that the element of Spanish responsibility had been eliminated from the incident of the disaster of the Maine. When Secretary Long returned to the Navy Department, a representative of the Associated Press asked him concerning this alleged statement. He said that his expression had been of the most casual character. The expression was based entirely upon his personal judgment, and did not spring from any evidence or information in his possession. He further said that there was a material abatement of excitement over the subject of the Maine.

Mr. Long added that his reference to Spain's responsibility was the question of any official participation by the Spanish government in the destruction of the Maine was practically eliminated, in his judgment. He desired to have it made clear that this was his personal view on the subject.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]  
WASHINGTON, March 1.—Secretary Long was seen shortly after the Cabinet meeting and stated that, in his judgment, any participation by the Spanish government in the blowing up

of the Maine was practically eliminated. This statement was made as an expression of the Secretary's personal opinion. It gained speedy circulation, however, and was elaborated in the point of being an official declaration that the element of Spanish responsibility for the Maine disaster was no longer to be considered.

When Mr. Long returned to the Navy Department he was asked as to the exact nature of this statement. He said it had been rather a casual and passing allusion, more in the line of a response to some courteous question of the vigilant representatives of the press. He said that he had intended to say that there was an abatement in the agitation and excitement over the subject. As to the Spanish responsibility, he said: "Any official participation by the Spanish government in the blowing up of the Maine was practically eliminated in my judgment."

Mr. Long desired to have it clearly understood that this was an expression of his personal judgment, and not an official declaration drawn from evidence submitted to him. Later, as a means of disposing of all doubt as to the exact nature of the Secretary's language, he dictated the following statement:

"The main thing we talked about in Cabinet was the outrages on postmasters, one a white man in Georgia and one a colored man in South Carolina. In regard to the Cuban situation, I said I thought things were growing quieter every day, and as far as my judgment went, I was inclined to think that any official participation on the part of the Spanish government in the disaster was now practically eliminated."

GOVERNMENT IN THE DARK.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The meeting of the Cabinet today, at which all of the members were present, disclosed the fact that the government is still without news regarding the cause of the disaster to the Maine. Up to this time the court of inquiry has not indicated in any way the trend of investigation. The President and the members of the Cabinet are as completely in the dark as to what the evidence so far adduced discloses as they were on the day after the explosion.

The truth of this statement is vouched for by authority not to be questioned. It is explained that, under the peculiar circumstances of the case, Capt. Sigbee would not communicate his theories or knowledge of the facts to anyone except the court conducting the inquiry. Consul-General Lee would be guided by the same considerations. In any event neither of these officers has communicated to the government anything bearing upon the vital question at issue. The court itself has been equally non-communicative, and nothing is expected from this source until the inquiry is completed and the findings sent to the Secretary of the Navy. Nor has any intimation been received as to the probable time which the inquiry will consume. At today's meeting, the Cabinet discussed a number of the theories which have been advanced as to the cause of the explosion, but

(CONTINUED ON THIRD PAGE.)

Points of the News in Today's Times.

SUMMARY.	No. of Words.	No. of Col.
Associated Press night report, including commercial, 13,570 words.		
Times exclusive dispatches, 2953 words; day report, 11,500 words—total,	28,023	23

**The City—Pages 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 14.**  
Blackman on the witness stand....  
Unpleasant truths told in the Police Commission....  
"Poker" Davis recouping his losses....  
Fire in Chinatown....  
John Bryson loses his watch....  
Failure of John Pugh & Sons....  
Millinery clerk sues for damages....  
The symphony concert....  
City water suit on trial....  
Subscriptions to Fiesta fund....  
Godard explains the flint flasco....  
Alleged larceny of a house....  
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**Southern California—Page 13.**  
Making haste to replace the office at Riverside rendered vacant by Superintendent Edmiston's death....  
The County Assessor of Riverside county appoints his corps of field deputies....  
Pomona candidates for office at the next election already being named....  
A school marm at San Bernardino gets judgment against the Board of Education....  
W. Farley held at San Bernardino to answer the charge of murder....  
The Brown ranch, near Victor, sold at forced sale....  
W.C.T.U. officers elected at Redlands....  
The Ventura Board of Trustees make a radical cut in the water rates....  
The Ventura Town Council favor the idea of municipal ownership of the lighting plant....  
Cattle thieves lodged in jail at Santa Barbara....  
Plan being devised to increase the water supply of Santa Ana....  
A lodging-house keeper at Santa Ana placed in a hard fix by Judge Ballard....  
Late details of the murder at Ensenada....  
Prominent citizens of San Diego figure in the Police Court....  
Ebanks, the Oceanside murderer, denied an appeal to the United States Supreme Court....  
San Diego Chamber of Commerce to participate in the railroad-pooling investigation at Pasadena's primary election.

**Financial and Commercial—Page 12.**  
Wheat steady at San Francisco....  
Support by Leiter at Chicago brings timid shorts into the pit....  
Trade in cattle good....  
Petroleum firm....  
Revival of activity in American securities at London....  
Liverpool grain quotations....  
Coast produce.

**General Eastern—Pages 1, 2, 3.**  
Secretary Long thinks Spain not culpable....  
Senator Fairbanks asks for exoneration and removal of young Keyes, a Maine victim....  
How the forces would rally in case of war between Costa Rica and Nicaragua....  
Actor Ratcliffe sent to Blackwell's island penitentiary for assaulting his wife....  
Representative Bell of Colorado says no banker should be Secretary of the Treasury....  
Hot election contest in Ottawa....  
Canadian Pacific contemplates another cut-American lines expected to meet the new rates....  
Congressional cruise to Cuba....  
Party of forty-one leave Dubuque for Alaska....  
United States court of inquiry into the Maine disaster still going on at Havana....  
Cruiser Bache will take all unburied dead and two wounded men to Key West....  
Brouge memorial tablet, Bankruptcy Bill, Alaskan Homestead and Right-of-Way Bill, railroad rates, all come up in discussion in the Senate.

**By Table—Pages 1, 2, 3.**  
French newspapers generally do justice to the United States attitude regarding the loss of the Maine—Spain is displaying more anxiety than she showed a week ago—Papers attribute anti-Spanish declarations to President McKinley....  
Herman Liebes, prominent fur man, died in London....  
War vessels making steady preparations for sea....  
Ghastly find in English cemetery....  
Russia negotiating with Korea for a coal depot.

**Pacific Coast—Pages 2, 3.**  
A young negro thief sent to Folsom for ten years....  
Defendant Fiegel testifies to his own innocence in the Hoffman murder case....  
Irrigation companies in court disputing proprietorship of Kings River water....  
Capt. Goodall thinks the Corona can be saved....  
Fire plague, mobs and other misfortunes in Japan....  
R. E. Morrison, United States Attorney for Arizona, vice E. E. Ellsworth retired....  
Territorial convention of miners in Arizona not a success; another to be called....  
Coast division completed all but fifty-five miles....  
Electric lights for Ventura.

POUND RATES.

Loud Amends His Bill on Postage.

Sample Copies of Newspapers are Privileged.

Senator Perkins Eulogizes the American Navy.

Bronze Memorial Tablet for the Seamen of the Maine—Senator Stewart Heads Off Appointment of Conferees.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]  
WASHINGTON, March 1.—The House today entered upon consideration of the Loud Bill relating to second-class mail matter. The bill is identical to one passed by the last Congress, but Mr. Loud, its author, gave notice of an amendment permitting the transmission at pound rates of sample copies up to 10 per cent. of the bona-fide circulation of the newspaper periodicals. This amendment removes much opposition of the bill.

Only three speeches were delivered today. Mr. Loud made an exhaustive speech in its favor, claiming that the government practically paid a subsidy of \$40,000,000 to the proprietors of publications which now got access to the mails at pound rates, as the cost of transporting mail and its handling averaged 8 cents per pound. Mr. Moon (Dem.) of Tennessee spoke in opposition to the bill, and Mr. Perkins (Rep.) of Iowa in support of the bill. The vote will be taken at 4 o'clock.

THE NAVY EULOGIZED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The Senate today passed the Bacon resolution for the erection in some suitable place in the Capitol of a bronze memorial tablet commemorative of the officers and sailors who lost their lives in the Maine disaster. Before the resolution was passed, Senator Perkins of California made an eloquent speech in its support and in eulogy of the American navy.

Senator Hoar endeavored to have a conference committee appointed on the Bankruptcy Bill, but Senator Stewart talked until 2 o'clock, when the Alaskan Right-of-Way and Homestead Bill came up under the regular order, and Mr. Rawlins of Utah resumed his speech opposing the bill.

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

REGULAR SESSION.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, March 1.—SENATE. Shortly after the Senate convened today, Mr. Perkins of California, of the Committee on Naval Affairs, presented a favorable report on Mr. Bacon's resolution providing for the erection in Statuary Hall of the Capitol of a bronze memorial tablet commemorative of the officers and sailors who lost their lives in the Maine disaster in Havana Harbor. In the course of his report upon the resolution, Mr. Perkins said:

"It is fitting at all times for a nation to recognize the heroism of those who have yielded up their lives in its service. In this respect no nation is more generous than ours. It has stood and still stands ready to show its appreciation of bravery and devotion to duty. It cares for its helpless veterans who battle on land and sea, it strives to mitigate the hardships imposed on those who were vigorously wounded while fighting for the flag, and as an honor to the nation it seeks to aid the widows and orphans of our dead soldiers and sailors. But it is not in battle alone that heroic qualities are shown; neither is it only in time of war. Death may come in the performance of duty while peace reigns as well as while the conflict rages. But whether in war or in peace, the soldier and the sailor stand ever ready to give their lives in the performance of duty, and when they so die, they die like heroes and deserve well of their country."

"Every man who stood beneath the flag of the battleship Maine had, by his very presence on its deck, signified his willingness to die for the defense of the nation and maintenance of the national honor. He was ever ready to go where duty called, whether to brave the tempestuous seas, or to return shot for shot with his country's enemies. When death came in the awful shape it took in the Harbor of Havana, the dead are no less heroes than if they had fallen before hostile guns. The living have shown the heroic mold in which all were cast. If it were ever fitting to recognize the devotion to the country of brave men, it is now fitting to erect a tablet in memory of those who lost their lives in the destruction of the Maine. The sailors of the navy have ever been the pride of the Union; their heroism has been recognized throughout the world, and their deeds have brought forth praises from all civilized peoples. What the sailors of the old and glorious fleets of the United States have been, that are the sailors of the new navy of our country."

"The great disaster at Havana has shown that there exists the indomitable courage which heretofore has made our fleets victorious and which is assurance that victory will still follow our flags upon the seas. As our fleets are strong and our men are brave, so shall we compel and maintain that respect among the nations which is as necessary to national prosperity as the respect of his fellows is to the prosperity of the individual."

Mr. Morrill of Vermont suggested that Statuary Hall was scarcely a proper place to erect the tablet, and Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts thought some other place for it might better be designated.

The resolution was so amended as to provide for the erection of the tablet at some suitable place in the Capitol. As amended the resolution was adopted.

Mr. Hoar then renewed his motion of yesterday that the Senate disagree to the House amendments to the Bank-



ruptcy bill, and that a committee on commerce be appointed.

Mr. Stewart of Nevada said he was opposed to an involuntary bankruptcy bill at such a time. He said he wished before the measure was sent to conference to present some information on the subject that would be valuable to the conferees.

The House bill assumes, Mr. Stewart began, "that any man who cannot pay his debts is a criminal. It is the most atrocious bill that could be passed in the present condition of the country."

Mr. Hoar said he thought the Senate conferees might be trusted to properly represent the Senate on this bill, and he appealed to Mr. Stewart to permit the measure to go to conference without further debate.

No appeal to me need be made in behalf of this diabolical bill," exclaimed Mr. Stewart. "I propose to discuss this matter fully, in order that the conferees, before they take the country, may know what the bill means."

Mr. Stewart spoke until 2 o'clock, when the Alaska Homestead bill, which was taken up last Wednesday by the Senate, Mr. Stewart announced that he would continue his address tomorrow.

Mr. Rawlins of Utah continued his speech, begun yesterday, in opposition to the general features of the bill. He reiterated his charge that the bill, as framed, gave dishonest speculators a marked advantage over the public generally. It enabled them, he said, to ribbon the district of Alaska with paper rights-of-way, which would enable them to control an enormous amount of land for an almost indefinite period.

Mr. Lindsay of Kentucky inquired whether the bill provided that railroads should charge specific rates for freight and passengers. He had noted that the rates of toll to be charged by the railroads and wagon roads should be approved by the Secretary of the Interior. But he could find no such limitation on railroads.

Mr. Allen of Nebraska, a member of the Committee on Public Lands, said that it was his understanding that a provision covering the matter of railroad rates had been inserted in the bill, and if it was not there the bill was a misprint.

Mr. Carter of Montana explained that the committee had not thought it desirable to insert in the bill a provision regulating the charges to be made by railroads, as that was distinctly within the provisions of the Interstate Commerce law. He said that no such provision as that referred to by Mr. Allen had ever been contemplated.

Mr. Rawlins, in conclusion, said he thought Congress should legislate for the people and not for the land sharks and fake railroads. The pending bill, he said, gave arbitrary power to a government official, and that was the most valuable of the franchises. He thought the measure was ill-drawn and badly considered. Good government demanded that no such bill should go upon the statute books. The rights in Alaska were the common property of all, and Mr. Rawlins held that well-considered legislation should be provided for all the people who might desire to go to that district.

The Senate then, at 3:35 p.m., went into executive session, and at 3:45 p.m. adjourned.

#### HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, March 1.—HOUSE.—Rev. J. S. Dooliver, of Iowa, delivered the invocation at the opening of the House today. The House then entered upon the special order, which set apart today, tomorrow and Thursday for the consideration of the bill, relating to second-class mail matter.

The bill is identical with that which passed the House about a year ago. It excludes from the classification of second-class mail matter, which pays postage at the rate of 1 cent a pound, books and reprints of books printed in serial form, newspapers, periodicals, newspapers or periodicals, unsold copies returned from agents, and all publications designed for advertisement purposes. Such publications, by its terms, would go into the third class, which pays 3 cents postage a pound.

#### MR. LOUD ARGUES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Second-class mail matter bill. The bill is strictly to newspapers and periodicals issued at least four times a year from a known office of publication, and publications issued under the auspices of benevolent or fraternal organizations, trades unions or others having a membership not less than 1000. All publishers whose publications are admitted as second-class mail matter are required by the bill, before depositing such mail-matter in the postoffice, to separate it into United States mail sacks or bundles, states, cities, towns and counties, as the Postmaster-General may direct.

Mr. Loud, chairman of the Postoffice Committee, who had charge of the bill, explained before the debate opened that the committee would offer an amendment at the proper time to allow the transmission of sample copies by newspapers and periodicals not in excess of 10 per cent of their bona fide circulation. He yielded before taking the floor to Mr. Hinrichsen (Dem.) of Illinois, who presented some resolutions adopted by the Illinois Press Association, indorsing the bill, with an amendment of which Mr. Loud had given notice. He read a letter from Mr. Day of the National Editorial Association, which indorsed the bill, with an amendment, the bill would work no hardship to the newspapers, and that it met with the approval of the press associations of Illinois, Indiana and Michigan.

Mr. Loud then took the floor and submitted a general argument in favor of the bill, dwelling particularly upon the vast saving the bill would effect annually. The deficiency in the postal revenue was steadily increasing. In 1892 it was \$2,000,000; last year it was \$12,000,000; this year it will be \$15,000,000 more—about as much as the government will be able to pay for the transportation of second-class mail-matter, which yielded to the government a revenue of but \$2,000,000.

He charged that much of the opposition to this measure in the country had been roused by the publishing houses of New York and was ill-founded in fact.

It had been charged, Mr. Loud said, that this bill was in the interest of the express companies.

"If we don't get this business," said he, "I don't care who gets it."

Mr. Loud displayed to the House a great amount of the literature with which Congress had been flooded by the opposition to the bill, and he produced evidence that most of it had been inspired directly by publishers who were bent on striking the bill, and that the government's bounty, which Mr. Loud was besieged with questions toward the close of his remarks. He spoke for about two hours.

Mr. Moon (Dem.) of Tennessee followed in opposition to the bill. He declared that the Congress should discharge its duty to the people of the country, but to the people. He contended that there had been an abuse of second-class mail-matter privileges. Advertising papers should be excluded from this privilege. But he contended that in striking down the evil, this bill destroyed much of the good. If the existing law and its construction cost the government \$20,000,000 annually, the people were the direct beneficiaries.

Mr. Perkins (Rep.) of Tennessee supported the bill. He had been inclined, as a newspaper publisher, to support the bill before the amendment proposed by Mr. Loud had been offered. Now he felt that this amendment would remove any objection any legitimate newspaper could have to it.

Mr. Kitchen (Dem.) of North Carolina attempted to make a general political speech, but was called to order by the Speaker, who announced that hereafter he proposed to hold members strictly to the subject under consideration by the House. The rule, he said, should be enforced impartially against both sides.

Mr. McMillin (Dem.) of Tennessee suggested that the Speaker of this rule, which he considered a departure from the practice of the House, might lead to denial of the right of speech. The Speaker said that during his twenty years services in the House he had never seen any danger of such a contingency.

At 5 p.m. the House adjourned.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Representative Bell of Colorado has introduced a bill providing that no person interested in any association which issues government money shares be eligible to the office of Secretary of the Treasury. The ineligibility is not to be remedied by disposing of the interest in the association for the purpose of taking the office of Secretary. Judge Bell says it was manifestly never the intent of the framers of our laws that a banker should be Secretary of the Treasury. He believes that bankers are ineligible for the Comptroller of the Currency and some of the other subordinate officers of the treasury, and he believes the Secretary should be subject to the same law.

#### NEW CURRENCY BILL.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The subcommittee appointed by Chairman Walker of the House Banking and Currency Committee to draft a currency bill, has reported a bill to the full committee. The bill provides for the issuance of currency in the form of small bills, and for the establishment of a currency fund. The bill also provides for the establishment of a currency fund, and for the establishment of a currency fund.

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WASHINGTON, March 1.—The House Committee on Naval Affairs this afternoon agreed on items of \$1,000,000 for the purchase of smokeless powder, \$200,000 for the purchase of powder, and \$200,000 for the purchase of powder. The committee also agreed on items of \$1,000,000 for the purchase of smokeless powder, \$200,000 for the purchase of powder, and \$200,000 for the purchase of powder.

#### FOREST RESERVATIONS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Senator Clark today gave notice of an amendment which he will offer to the Smoot Civil Appropriation Bill, suspending until March 1, 1894, the expiration of the act of February 18, 1891, establishing forest reservations in the States of Wyoming, Utah, Montana, Washington, Idaho and South Dakota. He also introduced an amendment striking out the present law prohibiting the survey of forest reservations.

#### MAN FROM MACEDONIA.

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#### THIRD TO HELP KILL KING GEORGE AND FAILED.

Karditza's Accomplish Arrested—A Workman Named Glogli—He Makes Confession—Says His Courage Oozed.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

ATHENS, March 1.—(By Atlantic Cable.) The accomplice of Karditza, a Macedonian workman named Glogli, has been arrested. Karditza and Glogli on Saturday last attempted to assassinate King George of Greece, by shooting him while he was out driving with his daughter, Princess Marie.

Glogli has made a confession. He declares that he acted at the instigation of Karditza, the latter representing to him that the king would be an act of great courage and glory for them both. Glogli's courage oozed out at the last moment, and he was unable to hit the horses, upon which everything depended.

A bomb was found near the scene of the attack, filled with dynamite. Karditza, when examined, admitted that he intended to throw the bomb into the king's carriage.

The general result of the inquiry thus far appears to indicate the existence of a secret conspiracy.

#### CUT IN RATES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICAGO, March 1.—The Canadian Pacific Railroad is contemplating another sensational cut in North Pacific Coast rates. When next it applies the knife it will, if reports are true, take an additional cut of 10 per cent. It was understood that this cut was to be made as soon as the American roads cut in rate in effect over the line to the reduced rates it made in the first place, ten days ago. So far, however, there has been no official announcement of the new cut. Whenever the Canadian Pacific makes the announcement the American lines, it is expected, will meet the new rates.

The American lines seem prepared to follow the cut down to a dollar if necessary to protect business. They are apparently in for a fight to a finish, and the officials hint that should the Canadian road may find itself shut out from doing business in American territory. An agitation in that direction has begun and Congress is in session.

STRIKERS TO MARCH.

FOUR HUNDRED MEN TRYING TO INDUCE OTHERS TO QUIT.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WILKESBARRE (Pa.), March 1.—A practical demonstration of what it was that led to the massacre may be afforded just across the line from Luzerne, in Carbon county. Four hundred men on strike in Coleraine, in the colliery of A. S. Van Wyck & Co., have threatened to march in parade in the public roads about the colliery in order to induce four hundred more who remain at work to strike. The parade will take place today.

The Coleraine men went on strike Saturday because a miner had been discharged for what they considered an insufficient reason. They refuse to return to work until the discharged man is reinstated. No deputy sheriffs have been called for. Most men in the colliery region would go to jail before they would shoulder Winchester as deputy sheriffs.

#### News Suppressed in Turkey.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 1.—The press censor suppressed the news of the attempt made on Saturday last to assassinate the King of Greece. The newspapers were prohibited from even mentioning the Thanksgiving service in commemoration of the King's escape from Athens, celebrated at the Greek Legation.

## REINDEER FOR SALE.

The Hottest Contest That Has Taken Place in the Province of Ontario.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

OTTAWA (Ont.), March 1.—Probably the hottest election contest which has been waged in the province of Ontario for the past quarter of a century has just closed. So intense has been the interest taken in the provincial general elections and so desperate the struggle by the contending parties that the Dominion Parliament was forced to adjourn last week, all the Federal members desiring to participate in the election battle. Members from all of the provinces took the stump in Ontario for their respective parties.

Both the contending parties claim a victory, but the independent news has said that the outcome cannot be safely predicted. For the first time in its history, Ontario will vote today on the enormous vote of 100,000, and there is an element of uncertainty in making a forecast.

In the last Legislature, the parties stood 52 Liberals, 25 Conservatives and 17 Patrons. The latter faction is practically extinct and the fight is fairly between Liberals and Conservatives. The death of the Patron movement and the vast number of new votes under manhood suffrage will produce many surprises.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The War Department has decided to abandon its expedition for the relief of the miners in the Klondike country, because the conclusion has been reached that no necessity exists for it. Secretary Alger has written a letter to Senator Hawley, chairman of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs, explaining the department's position, and asking that Congress take action by joint resolution, authorizing the department to dispose of the supplies purchased for the expedition, including the reindeer, which have just arrived from Norway, and to abandon the project entirely.

In his letter, Secretary Alger says the conditions on the Yukon have changed so as to render the expedition unnecessary, and that Gen. Miles and Gen. Merriam both agree with him. He is also advised to this effect by the Canadian Minister of the Interior. Later advice than those received last December, when the expedition was decided upon, indicate also, he says, that the miners are in no danger, and that the government has no such need of the reindeer, which he thinks that the great crowds of prospectors now going over Dyea Pass will carry sufficient provisions to divide with the miners in case they need assistance.

Gen. Alger expresses the opinion that the reindeer can be sold at a price sufficient to reimburse the government for the cost. He says he has been offered \$100 each for 100 of them. This amount is above the cost price. He also states that the Interior Department is anxious to take charge of the animals. He asks for authority to sell the supplies purchased for the expedition. The military committee today, but did not act upon the request.

CORONA WILL BE SAVED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 1.—It now seems certain that the Pacific Coast steamship Corona, which went ashore on Lewis Island January 2, while en route to Dyea and Skagway will be saved. Capt. Miner C. Goodall reports that under favorable weather conditions he will be able to float the vessel and have her on her way south very shortly.

It is Capt. Goodall's intention to bring the vessel south by easy stages, stopping at Victoria, the only harbor with the customs regulations of that port, as the vessel was wrecked in British waters, and then proceed to Port Townsend, where she will be repaired and then proceed to Seattle. The vessel put in at the latter port, and the vessel put in at the latter port, and the vessel put in at the latter port.

#### A MILLION AT STAKE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 1.—The weather at Ingleside was fine and track fair. Results:

Seven furlongs: Prince Tyrant, 116 (Thorpe) 7 to 1; won; Bow and Arrow, 113 (Gray) 12 to 1; second; Bonnie Ione, 111 (McDonald) 20 to 1; third; time 1:32.

Five and a half furlongs, selling: Torson, 95 (Spencer) 1 to 4; won; Viking, 103 (Spencer) 30 to 1; second; Durward, 91 (Woods) 12 to 1; third; time 1:10.

Three and a half furlongs, selling: Buena Vista, 82 (Hennessy) even; won; Canoe, 105 (McNichols) 10 to 1; second; Gold Scratch, 110 (Thorpe) 2 to 1; third; time 0:44.

One mile, handicap: Napamox, 101 (Clawson) 4 to 5; won; Oyster Joe, 120 (Sloan) 14 to 5; second; Highland Ball, 85 (McNichols) 12 to 1; third; time 1:42.

Refuge and Barney Stone also ran.

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Other starters.

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Exhumed Bodies Broken and Packed in Small Wooden Boxes.

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LONDON, March 1.—(By Atlantic Cable.) Truth today as a sequel to the request made that its editor take steps to expose an alleged scandal in regard to the sale of the American cemetery at Jerusalem by the American Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, says: "The American missionaries and the consular were recently exhumed and were removed."

#### CONFIRMATIONS.

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#### Running Mate for Bryan.

COLUMBUS (O.), March 1.—A local paper publishes a story to the effect that there is a movement on the part of the Silver Republicans and Democrats to make the late Mayor, J. McKisson, who contested with Senator Hanna for the Senatorship, candidate on the silver national ticket with W. J. Bryan in 1900 for Vice-President of the United States.

#### Paris Challenges Picquet.

PARIS, March 1.—It is rumored that Maj. Arthur Ferdinand Esterhazy has challenged Col. Picquet to a duel as the cause of the latter's evidence in the trial of Zola. The rumor is as yet unconfirmed.

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New Orleans Favorites in Hard Luck—Results at Ingleside—Special Coursing Match—McCoy Matched.

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SAN FRANCISCO, March 1.—The men behind the California Baseball League have stolen a march on the managers of the Pacific States Baseball League, and have won the first point in the fight for supremacy of the national game in this State. For some days President H. H. McKibbin of the local league has been negotiating with President Nick Young of the National League for the purpose of obtaining the protection of that body, and he has received answer that the California league is now a part of the National League.

The California Baseball League had paid the pro rata of a six-club league. The cities to be represented by clubs are San Francisco, Oakland, Stockton, Sacramento, Fresno and San Jose. The Chronicle says that the indications are that the war will come to an end before the playing of games commences. Whilever league gets the support of the best ball players, San Jose, Stockton and Sacramento men will win out.

Today the Recreation Park Amusement Association was incorporated with a capital of \$50,000.

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## HIS JUDGMENT.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

nothing approaching a definite conclusion was reached.

Another matter which engaged the attention of the Cabinet was the murder recently of the colored postmaster and infant child, at Lake City, S. C., by a mob of a hundred or more white men. It was remarked by a member of the Cabinet, after the close of the meeting, that this most heinous crime had been passed by almost unnoticed in the excitement caused by the wreck of the Maine, and that thoughtful men might profitably give a share of their attention to this great wrong committed by our people.

CABLEGRAM FROM SIGSBEE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The only word received by the Navy Department from Havana came tonight in the following telegram from Capt. Sigsbee: "Bache leaves today for Tortugas with all wounded men now here, five in all, as follows: Mattison, Cahill, Allen, Webber and Mack. All able to walk, except Mattison, whose jaw was broken. Bache takes one unrecognizable body. Will probably take four wounded men from Tortugas to Key West. Cannot tell when more bodies may be expected at Key West, but Bache should promptly return."

OUR PACIFIC SQUADRON.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

LONDON, March 2.—A special dispatch from Shanghai says: "The United States squadron is concentrated at Hongkong, with a view to operations against Manila, Philippine Islands, in the event of an outbreak of war between the United States and Spain. The squadron, which is very powerful, includes the cruisers Olympia, Boston, Raleigh, Concord and Petrel."

VERIFYING THE TESTIMONY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.)

KEY WEST (Fla.), March 1.—A good part of the time of the court of inquiry today was devoted to verifying the testimony previously given, the stenographers reading their official transcripts of the evidence and the witnesses confirming their correctness. Apparently but few vital questions were asked, the morning being seemingly devoted to routine work. Following the custom at the previous sessions of the court, all the witnesses were sworn not to reveal any part of the proceedings of the court.

HEARING AT KEY WEST.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.)

KEY WEST (Fla.), March 1.—The second day's session here of the United States court of inquiry into the loss of the battleship Maine in the harbor of Havana February 15, began in the United States District Court house shortly after 10 o'clock today. Most of the officers who were examined yesterday were informed that they might be recalled, and the lieutenants of the lost ship were all on hand, though it is reported that they will not be re-examined until the court returns from its second trip to Havana.

Groups of enlisted men also gathered about the courtroom in the morning, waiting their turn to be examined. A high naval official said today: "Perhaps the court of inquiry will return to Havana on board the cruiser Marblehead or the Nashville, instead of the coast-survey boat Bache. The Marblehead will be especially suitable. She has a remarkable strong electric-light plant."

AFTERNOON SESSION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

KEY WEST, March 1.—The afternoon session of the court of inquiry began at 1:30 o'clock, and an adjournment was taken about 4 o'clock until 10 o'clock tomorrow.

The whole number of enlisted men examined during the day was ten. The engineers examined were Past Assistant Engineer Morris, Assistant Engineer Bowers, Cadets (engineer division) Washington and Crenshaw. Admiral Sigsbee has requested Dr. Maloney, the Mayor of Key West, to prevent a local demonstration when the funeral of the Maine's dead occurs. He has asked that in the event of a parade formed by the residents only American flags shall be displayed. Mayor Maloney has promised to carry out Admiral Sigsbee's wishes as far as possible, but doubts whether the strong Cuban and anti-Spanish sentiment can be suppressed.

All of the funeral arrangements will be under the direction of Commander McCall of the Marblehead. As now planned, small details of marines will be landed from the vessels here and at the Tortugas, and the artillery at the barracks will join in paying the last honors.

Though the second day's session of the court of inquiry is over, nothing new is known regarding the fate of the Maine, at all events outside the members of the court. Some who confidently declared a week ago that the court had already found that the vessel was intentionally blown up, have modified this conviction, and for the most part admit that such reports must have been based largely on speculation.

Even naval officers are apparently as much in the dark as the civilians as to what the court's opinion is at the present moment. Excellent progress has been made in the examination, and the court will probably finish its work here tomorrow, when its members will be taken back to Havana on the Mangrove.

Interest in the proceedings flagged somewhat today, owing to the utter futility of all attempts to gratify the general curiosity. The correspondent of the Associated Press placed before one of the members the letters signed "Maquinista" (machinist), giving alleged details of the filling of the Maine's torpedo holes with dynamite cartridges and their subsequent explosion by electric wires. The members of the court in question said neither the letter nor its developments had been

officially before the court. The Cubans here are constantly receiving mysterious missives from Havana, purporting to reveal the methods by which the Maine was sent to destruction, but, as there are as many suggestions or theories as there are letters, little reliance can be placed upon any.

The general situation here remains the same. The fleet has not moved, though there are signs of activity which give rise to a rumor that an important naval step is contemplated. Admiral Sigsbee, when questioned on this point this afternoon, merely reiterated his remark of yesterday: "There is no movement today. The ships have steam up all ways, and they can go anywhere."

The tug boat Merritt passed here at sunset with a large scow in tow and other wrecking apparatus. She is bound for Havana.

The report that the remains of a submarine arrangement which had been raised by the United States naval divers at Havana, with the electrical wires in which they had been entangled, had been brought here Sunday by the Mangrove and are now in the warehouse of the lighthouse department, is denied in official quarters. Capt. Merritt, who is in charge of the artillery here, expected Gen. Merritt today by the Mascotte, but Gen. Merritt did not arrive.

SURVEY STEAMER.

The coast cruiser Bache will return here from Havana tomorrow night or Thursday morning, bringing all the Maine's unburied dead and two wounded men who have been in hospital at Havana. The wounded will be taken to the Tortugas for quarantine and four wounded men who were left at the Tortugas on Saturday last will be brought on here.

Capt. Sigsbee reported last night that only one unidentified body was ready for shipment, but it is expected that several more will be recovered from the wreck before the Bache is ready to sail. Admiral Sigsbee is credited with the intention of having the funeral as private as possible, but it is considered doubtful whether his wishes on the subject will be respected by the residents here, who are eager to pay a tribute of respect to the Maine's dead. The funeral will be held at 12:40 p.m., after examining four engineer officials and eight enlisted men of the Maine. The afternoon session will be devoted to hearing the testimony of enlisted men.

Judge-Advocate Marx said: "We have done good work and are clearing up here in great shape. We may get through tonight."

DIVERS STILL AT WORK.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.)

Jenkins and Merritt not found in the aft torpedo compartment.

HAVANA, March 1.—[By Key West Cable.] The divers on the Right Arm got to work this morning in earnest. Capt. Everett, chief of the divers, was in charge, and the water being lower than usual it was seen that the steering hatch was partially clear, though blocked to some extent by one of the smokestacks.

The divers succeeded in entering the aft torpedo compartment, where they hoped to find the bodies of Jenkins and Merritt, as well as members of the crew.

The officers mentioned were last seen in the aft torpedo compartment, and divers feared to enter it, there being great danger that the air hose might catch in the wreckage about the smokestack.

The Spanish officers directing the divers of the government of Spain called on Capt. Sigsbee today on board the lighthouse tender Fern, and would answer all the inquiries he wished to make.

NO TIME LIMIT FOR CUBA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.)

Senior Bernabe Probably Reaching New Orleans Tomorrow.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.)

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Concerning the published reports that the limitation of time suggested by the United States to Spain for the pacification of Cuba expired today, March 1, an official whose position makes him familiar with the circumstances, said: "The report is absolutely false in every particular. No time limit today or at any other specified date, and for that reason there are no negotiations in progress, or contemplated for a two months' extension or for any other extension. The report is an invention."

Recent negotiations between the United States and Spain have been confined to the proposed commercial arrangements between Cuba and the United States, and as between this country and Spain. These negotiations were carried well along by Minister Woodford, and Señor Polo, Y. B. de la Torre, the Spanish minister. The latter sailed from Gibraltar yesterday, and it is understood that he has with him the new arrangement with Spain, there will be two distinct conventions, one between the United States and Spain, concerning their commercial exchanges, and the other between the United States and Spain, concerning the reduction of duty in exchange for concessions to the United States. The reductions affecting Cuba will be those on raw sugar, which the equivalent reduction for the United States will be maintained on flour, manufactured goods and machinery.

At the Spanish Legation no disposition has been made by the Spanish government to receive the Maine, except the specified information conveyed to Señor du Bosc that no mines or submarine devices are in Havana Harbor. He has been informed of the arrival at Jacksonville of the alleged filibustering steamer Dauntless, which is said to have landed a large expedition in Cuba a few days ago. Señor du Bosc will call at the State Department today, and will call attention to the arrival of the Dauntless at Jacksonville, and the evidences of her expedition being a filibustering trip. The Spanish authorities are not likely to press the matter, however, as they say they are contented to place such information as they have at the disposition of the United States, and let the United States make the proper course.

Señor du Bosc says that the present condition of affairs in Cuba is such that it cannot be affected by minor filibustering expeditions. In regard to the Dauntless's trip, the Spanish officials say evidence against her is conclusive, and they cite admissions made by Cuban leaders in the United States as to the trip of the ship. At the same time it is recognized there is a wide difference between the moral certainty of the legal certainty required for conviction before a court and jury.

EXPECTS SATISFACTORY NEWS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.)

Senior Sagasta Waiting to Hear from the Island.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.)

MADRID, March 1.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Premier, Señor Sagasta, is quoted in an interview as saying that he expects very satisfactory news from Cuba before April. In the course of the same interview, Señor Sagasta said: "In view of the increase in the price of grain in Spain, the government has decided to reduce the import duty." A decree on this subject is momentarily expected. A meeting of the Cabinet has been arranged for tomorrow. It is believed that Sagasta will refer to the receipt of more reassuring news from the United States.

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## WHAT IS NEWS?

It has been the common belief of mankind ever since newspapers became a thing of every-day occurrence, that news is a record of something that has actually happened or of something that is about to happen. In other words, news, real news, is a statement of fact, not an exploitation of theories, guesses, or rumors. But in these days of the printed press, news is assumed to be something that has not happened and is not at all likely to happen, except by a miracle, and it is to be said to the credit of the miracle factory that it never operates in order to bolster up the lies and rumors that fake journals give publicity to.

Men who were in the old army recall those stirring bits of intelligence that went floating through the regiments, corps and divisions, that were in the field in those days, that originated no one knew where, and were called "camp rumors." In the railway service there is the same sort of thing—wild rumors, of prospective changes in officials, new construction, change of management and all that sort of thing. These are called "brakemen's conventions," from the fact that they originate along the line where there is moving to and fro, a class of employees who are likely to know almost as much about what is really going on in the inner circles of railway management as a hog does about Thanksgiving.

To give these wild and baseless stories out as authentic information through a newspaper would be just as reasonable as it is for correspondents to exploit the fantastic tales of irresponsible sailors and civilians regarding a great calamity, like the one that has overtaken this nation in the harbor of Havana. Such tales are not news; they are rotten fakes of the most flagrant sort—wild rumors sent out as meat for the credulous, fantastic creations calculated to excite the writer of scare heads in order to sell a few extra copies of the vile sheets that pander to the low, the venal, and the unworthy.

Newspaper enterprise is a splendid thing, and many of the great journals of this country have accomplished wonderful feats in the way of exploration, scientific research and along other right lines; but filling pages with fake pictures, doctored official maps, and fool stories set afloat, by the human riff-raff that hovers about every scene of excitement or interest is not enterprise, it is plain fakery, and faking so vile that it is almost criminal.

A newspaper that respects its readers and itself tries first of all things to be accurate. In the everlasting rush and hurry of getting at the occurrence of every-day life, it is impossible not to make minor errors from the fact that sources of information are not always accurate in their outgivings, but it is certain that no newspaper worthy the name will print matter as news that has not some semblance, at least, of reason and accuracy; otherwise it is not news, but tomfoolery of the most foolish sort.

During the critical period now abating this nation because of the strained relations between Spain and America occasioned by the Cuban war and the blowing up of the battleship Maine, a certain class of newspapers have persistently attempted to inflame the passions of the people by publishing from day to day reports regarding conditions exactly the reverse of those actually existing as disclosed by officials on the inside.

This has been done with malice aforethought—by prearrangement with journalistic hirelings, as is evident on the face of these unfounded reports. And this those lying sheets term enterprise! This is the exploitation of news! Bah! It is the exploitation of mendacity!

In times like the present the great newspaper-reading public of America—and that comprises the entire population of the country—has a right to demand facts and not rumors; actual happenings, not theories; pictures of official documents as they come from official hands, not documents doctored out of all semblance to the original in order to make a yellow journal's holiday shower of nickels!

Such trick is not news, and only the debauched and debased wretches who utter the ignominious sheets believe it to be news or assume it to be such. We submit that the American people are not all fools, and that some day the proprietors of the lying and war-scare press will awake to the fact with a jolt that they will remember!

## WITHOUT PARTISANSHIP.

Public feeling throughout the United States is intensely aroused on the Cuban question in general, and the destruction of the battleship Maine in particular. There is no denying this fact which is obvious to even the casual observer. This intensity of feeling does not manifest itself in noisy demonstration, but it exists, nevertheless, and it bodes ill for the enemies of our country, should pending issues be referred to the arbitrament of armed conflict.

The American people have remarkable self-control. They are slow to anger, and are reluctant to engage in a quarrel, especially with a power weaker than themselves. They demand that justice and right shall be on their side, beyond all reasonable dispute. Hence, they are patient in the present crisis, and are willing to await developments, though the restraint imposed—to state the case mildly—is extremely burdensome.

But there is one phase of the institution from which every true American can derive genuine satisfaction. The Cuban question, as it presents itself to the American people, is practically destitute of political partisanship. That question, in its broadest scope, and the tragedy of Havana Harbor in its more specific sense, are the American people as a compact, national entity, and not to any political party. These great questions have happily been kept above the petty contentions of political parties, despite the efforts of some small minds to degrade them to the level of political issues.

The Cuban question is too momentous to be dragged in the mire of politics. Public opinion is necessarily somewhat divided upon the details of this question, but the divergences of opinion are upon individual rather than upon party lines. Upon the issue as a whole there is practical unanimity of sentiment. The people have full confidence in the wisdom of their official representatives, both in the executive and the legislative branches of the government. They feel that the right action will be taken, at the right time, and are willing to await the outcome with patience.

This is one of the most hopeful phases of the situation. United, the American people are invincible. They can accomplish whatever they may undertake, and no power on earth can stand before them. Their cause would be immeasurably weakened in the present crisis, or in any crisis, if they were torn by internal dissensions, and were working at cross-purposes.

The case is far different in Spain, which may in truth be said to be a nation divided against itself. Political partisanship is at each other's throats. In bitter hostility over the conduct of the Cuban campaign. One party defends the Weyler regime of blood and ruin. The other party, which is now in power, advocates a policy of conciliation. And both these policies are repudiated by the Cubans, who will accept no measure which stops short of the unconditional recognition of Cuban independence.

Our position in this tragedy of the nations is impregnable. We have maintained an independent position under circumstances the most trying. We have afforded Spain all reasonable opportunities to solve her Cuban problem in her own way.

In the mean time, while waiting, let the fullest confidence be reposed in the administration and in Congress. We shall be fully equal to the emergency whatever form it may take. And we shall act, when the time for action comes, as a united and patriotic people.

## THE SAN PEDRO APPROPRIATION.

The Sundry Civil Appropriations Bill has passed the House without material opposition, except as to a few items, which were satisfactorily disposed of. The bill as it passed the House contains the appropriation of \$400,000 for beginning work on the deep-water harbor at San Pedro. It now goes to the Senate for action. That it will be more or less amended in the upper house, by the striking out of some items and the addition of others, is a matter of course. But there is not much likelihood that the San Pedro appropriation will meet with serious opposition in the Senate. Frye may be expected to offer objection to it, and other henchmen of Huntington may possibly come to Frye's assistance, but it is not believed that they can rally in sufficient force to endanger the appropriation for San Pedro. The chances may therefore be regarded as fairly good that the appropriation will remain in the bill when the latter finally becomes a law.

The hostility of the misfit Secretary of War has still to be reckoned with. "For ways that are dark and tricks that are vain the Huntington-Alger combine is peculiar." It is not improbable that some further efforts to delay the improvement of San Pedro Harbor will be made. Just what form these efforts will take is uncertain at the present time. The friends of San Pedro must be vigilant. They must take nothing for granted. We can be certain of ultimate success only when we see the work of construction actually in progress. We have won in this battle at every point thus far. But our victories have been achieved at the cost of unceasing vigilance and uncompromising warfare against the machinations of Huntington and his mercenary agents. This vigilance must be continued, and we must be ready to renew the fight at a day's notice, if necessary.

With the passage of the Sundry Civil Appropriations Bill by the Senate, Congress will have completed the action necessary to the beginning of work on the harbor, including the appropriation of the money required for prosecuting the work during the first year. This ought to end all further opposition to the project.

## THE FEBRUARY SURPLUS.

It is no surprise to the friends and supporters of the Dingley tariff to learn that it has yielded to the national treasury a surplus of nearly \$2,000,000 for the month of February. This result is in accord with the expectations and the predictions of the supporters of that measure. In its practical operation the law has fully justified the promises of its framers and supporters. It will continue to justify those promises.

The country is steadily recovering from the depressing effects of the heavy importations under the comparatively low duties of the Gorman-Wilson tariff. Domestic consumption has slowly gained upon the supply of commodities, until importations are again coming in in sufficient quantity to restore the balance between revenues and expenditures.

The heavy increase of domestic products, due to the stimulating effect of the new tariff, has gone far in supplying the demands of consumption, and by retarding imports has tended to keep down the revenue. This increase of domestic production, while it has been of great benefit to American manufacturers and wage-earners, has necessarily cost the treasury some loss of revenue. Without it, the national revenues would have shown a surplus some months ago. But the comparatively small loss to the treasury is more than compensated by the general revival which the industries of the country have experienced.

The Dingley law, during the seven months in which it has been in operation, has yielded a steadily increasing monthly revenue, with the single exception of the month just closed, which being a short month, fell some \$200,000 below the receipts for January. The comparative receipts for the first seven months, under the Dingley law and the Wilson law, respectively, as given in a special dispatch to THE TIMES yesterday, are worth repetition. The table is as follows:

Wilson Law.	Dingley Law.
\$2,621,225	\$3,029,014
19,139,240	21,923,038
19,411,403	24,351,415
21,806,136	25,168,585
27,804,399	27,531,494
22,888,657	28,736,227
21,217,536	28,572,538

The balance in favor of the Dingley law, for the first seven months of its operation, is thus shown to be over \$16,000,000. At this rate the balance in favor of the Dingley law for the first year will be between \$27,000,000 and \$30,000,000. The balance-sheet for the current year may not show a surplus but from now on there will undoubtedly be a handsome and steadily increasing monthly surplus, which will wipe out all previous deficits long before the close of the next fiscal year. The revenue receipts for the month just closed were larger than those for any February since the inauguration of Cleveland, March 4, 1893, and the surplus for February, 1893, was the first surplus for that month since the beginning of Cleveland's second administration. The Dingley law is all right.

The hold-up artist is still doing the best he can in these parts and that "best" is excellent, as a rule, as he not only gets away with the swag but he gets away. The man who goes abroad at night time would better not wander from his own fireside unless he goes prepared to shoot up the artist who has designs upon his purse. A dead highwayman will be found some morning on the street if the populace does its duty, and we trust it will.

Mr. Corbett of Oregon will continue to be Mr. Corbett of Oregon, and not Senator Corbett of Oregon, as is fit and proper. A Legislature that does

not see fit to elect a Senator when it has the opportunity, should see its State unrepresented, as in this case. Oregon has been given a valuable lesson which the other States in the Union may well take to heart.

El Correo, another of our esteemed Madrid contemporaries, says American sailors are "pirates." Well, pirates have a universal reputation as almighty good fighters, so Spain had better keep her crockery optic peeled for the American blue jackets in case she concludes to kick up a fuss with "weuns."

The Dingley law shows that through its operation there is a balance of over \$16,000,000 in its favor over the revenue earned under the Wilson Bill of ungrateful memory. This is not a monstrous sum, but it is much better than a hole that had to be plugged up with an issue of bonds.

A London scientist has examined 560 varieties of microbes and has decided that only forty of them are harmful. Well it is easier to skip forty than 560, but just how a fellow is to know how to pick out the deadly germs from a mob like that, we are at a loss to understand.

England is saying some very handsome things about our Uncle Samuel during the present crisis, which gives strong evidence that "blood is thicker than water." All of which is highly appreciated by Uncle's nephews and aunts on this side the pond.

A sight that this country hopes to see shortly is that of a sawmill man from Michigan driving a team of reindeer over Chilcoot Pass on the outward trip, with no prospect of a speedy return. We have nothing against the animals.

A mere matter of \$20,000,000 is not a cent too much to put into a navy, but let it be spent, gentlemanly spenders, for a navy that will keep aloof and not go around bumping up against islands, peninsulas and continents.

We are not hunting a fight, as a nation, but it is good to see that there is not going to be any snap judgment about it this time, considering the way the arsenals and gun factories are working overtime.

It may be a trifle early to speak of it, but we ought to have a Fourth of July celebration this year that shall be a record-breaker. The people are just in the mood to do the hurrah act for Uncle Sam.

Of course the times are no better than they were under the reign of Grover, the truly great-fisherman, but there are no free soup kitchens in these days and Coxey's army is not marching on.

Ex-Senator Ingalls says "we are on the brink of a tremendous explosion," but as that was written before Senator Billy Mason broke out, he doubtless referred to that particular upheaval.

Weyler says there are no mines in Havana Harbor. Knowing the butcher as we do, we are more inclined to believe that the harbor is lousy with torpedoes than we were before he spoke.

The bottle-scared veterans who are wiring war whoops to the New York Journal and its saffron-colored kindred, are not full of battle, but booze. At least that is the way their rot reads.

Nat Goodwin must have wanted to get Maxine Elliott out of his company and that is the reason he married her, for it is the rule for wedded stars of the stage to wander far apart.

Ex-Actor Ratcliffe does not appear absorbingly interested in the war news. The two more wives than he wants are keeping his mind reasonably well occupied—also the jailer.

It would be the very irony of fate to have a Spanish war ship named the Cristoforo Colombo and a Yankee man-of-war named the George Washington lock horns in battle.

The Turks are having broad riots, and over here we are kicking because we can't have cake with a sugar roof on it. Life is one long, low howl all up and down the line.

They howl for war who never heard a shell utter those diabolical shrieks that make the hair stand on end and cause the listener to want to go home to his folks.

What is said to happen by the yawning journals of yellowism and what actually happens are two things so dissimilar that they have not even a family resemblance.

Should war break out we are going to have great difficulty in keeping a good many of our fellow-citizens from enlisting as quartermasters.

If you want to get rid of the life insurance agents, tell them you are going to Klondike and they will overlook you like a white chip.

A fake prize fight should be worth at least three pages of space in a yellow newspaper. Birds of a feather should flock together.

Our Uncle Sam is not saying who did it, though if you will but notice he is making powder with all due alacrity.

Joe Leiter and his wheat continue to excite more attention in Chicago than the largest pork packery in town.

Some people hereabouts appear to be determined to have war, even if it is nothing worse than a church fight.

Should war with Spain ensue, the insurgents "wont do a thing" to the landward side of the city of Havana.

## WORKED THE WIRE.

## "SMOOTHY'S" TELEPHONING A MATTER OF RECORD.

Bribery Investigating Committee Adds More Links to the Evidence Against Hanna's Combine.

## PHONE MANAGER TESTIFIES.

## A HOTEL EMPLOYEE PRODUCES NOTES OF THE CONVERSATION.

Light Thrown on the Attitude of Droste and Lane—The Two Silver Fusionists Were Very Fickle-minded.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

COLUMBUS (O.), March 1.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The bribery investigating committee held another session this evening, and beside adding a link or two to the chain of evidence in the Otis bribery case, heard several witnesses who threw light on the attitude, prior to the Senatorial election, of Droste and Lane, the two Silver Fusionists who voted for Hanna. The committee intends to probe the candidacy of Col. Jephtha Garrard, the free-silver Republican, to the bottom to ascertain what, if any, relation it had to Senator Hanna's candidacy. Droste and Lane were pledged to Garrard. The evidence tonight shows that they changed their minds very suddenly when they decided to vote for Hanna.

Ross, the manager of the local office of the long-distance telephone company, was the first witness who took the stand. In answer to the first question, he produced a record of the long-distance telephone calls on January 7, between telephone No. 1092 in Columbus, the telephone in Hanna's headquarters, and phone No. 548 in Cincinnati, which is located in the Gibson House. The records produced corroborated previous testimony, showing the calls between Boyce, the alleged Hanna agent, and a person in Hanna's headquarters in Columbus. They showed three calls on January 7, two of them from phone No. 1092 to Cincinnati, one at 10:35 p.m. and the other at 8 p.m. The third call was from Cincinnati at 11:45 o'clock to telephone No. 1092 in this city.

It will be remembered that when the committee first commenced its investigation, Mr. Ross refused to produce any records or answer any questions. The fact, however, that the Cincinnati office of the telephone company produced the records showed the futility in attempting to conceal the calls, and so Mr. Ross produced the evidence. The records are simply corroborative of the evidence heretofore received, and show conclusively that the conversation between Boyce and someone in Hanna's headquarters did take place, and not the person who it was that talked at either phone. He said that he would not produce these details until he consulted higher authorities. The witness was excused.

Russell S. Prior, an employee in the Gibson House, was called. He is one of the men who were in the general survey of the lake, has not yet arrived, and Lieut. Hanna is afraid he will not be able at this time to finish his important part of his work. The reason for his delay is his pending uprising against the present government. On the part of the military, there is great uneasiness, if not alarm. Troops are being moved here and there, and people are being impressed into military service in large numbers. Many of these known to sympathize with the threatened revolution have been placed in the ranks.

The government has seized both the lake steamer Victoria and the river steamer Mangrove, the property of the Hanna company. The effect of this is practically to stop mail communication and commerce between the Atlantic and the west coast.

F. L. Stuart, who has charge of the transit party working in conjunction with Lieut. Hanna, has finished measuring the base line for lake work, and has made considerable progress in his work down the river. He will shift his camp to a point about six miles below San Carlos.

## HIS JUDGMENT.

(CONTINUED FROM THIRD PAGE.)

this, Gen. Lee says he could disperse them with our police force.

"Capt. Sigbee, in my presence, stated that with a vessel like the Maine, he would take Moro Castle in less than six hours."

WASHINGTON MILITIA READY.  
 [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

TACOMA (Wash.), March 1.—The Ledger tomorrow will print an interview with Gov. John R. Rogers, in which he says: "War is inevitable. Present indications can point to no other conclusion. Of course, a change may occur which would affect the outlook, but as matters now stand, I believe that his country must fight. The national honor has been attacked and we must rally to its defense. The Washington State militia is ready for a conflict."

CALLED ON BLANCO.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] HAVANA, March 1.—Senator Proctor, with his friend, Col. Parker, and Consul-General Lee, made a call of courtesy by appointment today on Capt.-Gen. Blanco, Secretary of War. Consents accompanied the party and acted also as interpreter. Gen. Blanco received his visitors with great cordiality and a pleasant talk on general matters.

## CRUISER VICAYA.

Receives An Enthusiastic Welcome on Arrival at Havana.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] HAVANA, March 1.—[By Central American Cable.] The Spanish cruiser Vicaya arrived off Moro Castle at 6 o'clock this evening, after a good voyage from New York. She was met by scores of steam launches and gayly-decorated yachts with bands, and as she steamed to her moorings, enthusiastic welcomes were shouted from all the quays, which were lined with thousands of people. The streets and plazas were gay with bunting, rockets were discharged, and there was continuous cheering from all the boats. The Mayor of Havana, Marquis de Esteban, as director of the festivities, was the first to board the vessel, going out in Gen. Blanco's launch. The officers of the Vicaya will call upon Admiral Manterola and then on the Captain-General.

The Almirante Oquenda is expected from the Canaries at an early day, and will also be given a popular welcome. The divers are much disappointed at not recovering any bodies today, but hope to be more fortunate tomorrow. The Spanish minister, to whom Capt. Sigbee has furnished plans of the Maine, will begin their work tomorrow morning. The steamer Eachus left at 10 o'clock for the Tortugas with the wounded.

## THE DETROIT'S RETURN.

KEY WEST, March 1.—The cruiser Detroit returned late this evening from the Tortugas with a coal schooner in tow. The latter dropped anchor near the cruiser New York, which will take coal from her.

## CANAL SURVEYORS.

The Hydrographical Party are Working on the San Juan.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SAN CARLOS (Nicaragua), Feb. 7.—[Correspondence of the Associated Press. Wire from Chicago, March 1.] The hydrographic party under the Nicaraguan Canal Commission have now almost completed their work on Lake Nicaragua, and have already begun work on the San Juan River.

The Nicaraguan government steamer, which has been ordered to use in the general survey of the lake, has not yet arrived, and Lieut. Hanna is afraid he will not be able at this time to finish his important part of his work. The reason for his delay is his pending uprising against the present government. On the part of the military, there is great uneasiness, if not alarm. Troops are being moved here and there, and people are being impressed into military service in large numbers. Many of these known to sympathize with the threatened revolution have been placed in the ranks.

The government has seized both the lake steamer Victoria and the river steamer Mangrove, the property of the Hanna company. The effect of this is practically to stop mail communication and commerce between the Atlantic and the west coast. F. L. Stuart, who has charge of the transit party working in conjunction with Lieut. Hanna, has finished measuring the base line for lake work, and has made considerable progress in his work down the river. He will shift his camp to a point about six miles below San Carlos.

## TREASURY STATEMENT.

Shows Million and a Half Decrease in the Debt.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, March 1.—The monthly statement of the public debt shows that the debt, less cash in the treasury at the close of business yesterday amounted to \$1,010,104,316, a decrease for the month of \$1,597,000. The decrease is accounted for by a corresponding increase in cash.

The debt is recapitulated as follows: Interest-bearing debt, \$87,369,680; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$12,670,000; debt bearing no interest, \$386,974,089; total, \$1,236,983,769. The cash in the treasury is classified as follows: Gold, \$204,063,972; silver, \$311,858,834; paper, \$107,564,938. Bonds, disbursing offices, \$23,048,000, making a total of \$856,517,796, against which there are demands liabilities outstanding amounting to \$631,097,565, leaving a net cash balance of \$225,449,230.

## Ingrain Carpet Trust.

PHILADELPHIA, March 1.—The Carpet Company, today confirmed the statements contained in a dispatch from Boston regarding the scheme to combine all the Ingrain carpet makers of the United States. The intention at present is to make the capital \$10,000,000.

## Fire at Cloverdale.

CLOVERDALE, March 1.—There was a destructive fire in this place tonight. It started at 10 o'clock, and was caused by a flash from a defective fuse in the electric works which supply the town with light. The flames soon spread to the Stouton Millinery, and both structures were destroyed. The loss on the electric-light plant is estimated at \$500, and the millinery, with its contents, at \$300. The amount of insurance could not be learned tonight.

## Spain is Considering.

MADRID, March 1.—The government, it is said, is considering the advisability of entirely abolishing the import duty on grain. The Gazette is about to publish a decree modifying the first article in the tariff code for Cuba and Porto Rico, in the direction of facilitating the conditions of nomination of councillors of administration.

## Contempt Defined.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Senator Jones of Arkansas today introduced a bill defining contempt of United States courts. It provides for a hearing as on any other charge, and cases of indirect contempt, which are defined as acts of contempt committed in the presence of the court.

## Sheriff's Sale at Deadwood.

DEADWOOD (S. D.), March 1.—The property of the Portland Consolidated Mining Company was sold today by the Sheriff in satisfaction of a judgment of foreclosure. The property was bid in by Hallock W. Seaman of Clinton, Iowa, trustee of the stockholders, for \$238,788.

## Le Champagne's Passengers.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Seventy sailors and second-cabin passengers of the related steamship La Champagne arrived at the New York station at 6 o'clock tonight from Halifax. Five or six hundred persons were at the station to welcome them.

## FLAG WILL GO UP.

HAWAII IS OURS IF WAR IS MADE ON SPAIN.

The Administration Contemplates a Naval Attack on the Philippines in Event of Hostilities—Coaling Station Needed.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.] WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Senators who have charge of the treaty for Hawaiian annexation have at last decided to abandon it and to attempt to gain their point by means of a resolution. They are only waiting for Senator Davis, chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, to return before taking up this question in earnest. Strong opposition has manifested itself in the House to the treaty, and the resolution may have unexpected trouble in passing there. It is claimed, however, that Speaker Reed will no longer oppose it, provided the new resolution is drawn on certain lines. His chief objection all along has been that Hawaii would soon become a State, represented by two Senators.

Now certain Californians claim to have converted him to the belief that it can be annexed as a county of California. This claim is seriously being considered, and it must be said that it looks rather fishy. Hawaii itself must object to be annexed on such grounds, and descend from an independent republic.

The speech of Representative Johnson of Indiana in opposition to annexation has had the effect of drawing out many other Representatives. Not a few of these have declared out and out that they would not vote for a resolution, should the treaty fail in the Senate. One member of the Vermont delegation so stated that he was unalterably opposed to the acquisition of more territory. Two or three members in the Michigan delegation are opposed to annexation, and at least one of them is outspoken in his declaration that he will not vote for it. Representative Moody of Massachusetts, said that the delegation from the Bay State was divided on the question of annexation, being strongly opposed to annexation. That he refused to vote for a resolution.

Mr. Moody, "among other representatives in Congress against opposing such a resolution. Our Senators are committed to annexation, Senator Hoar having decided in favor of it after quite a thorough investigation. "Representative Johnson's speech," continued Mr. Moody, "seemed to me the bluest of the present Congress. It forcibly presented the case against annexation. Still, he failed to mention a most important argument, that, with the possession of the Sandwich Islands, the United States would be secure from attack on our Pacific Coast. In that event, any battleship coming across the Pacific to attack us would have to do so with the knowledge on the part of our officers that they must win or perish, for the ship might become a mine, or be helped by machinery, disabled for want of coal."

Mr. Moody alluded, as did other Representatives to the "crystalline sentiment" in the House concerning Hawaii. There are many members, who have not given the question sufficient thought to express themselves definitely. Some are specially emphasized by Gen. Bingham, the veteran Republican from Pennsylvania, who, while he admitted that he had the idea of confining our territory to the present limits, believed that investigation and debate would show that it was in our interests to acquire territory. He said that his opinion was one way or the other more certainly.

As a direct result of the trouble with Spain, however, Hawaiian annexation may be made a reality. Orders have been sent to the United States Minister at Honolulu that the moment



## The Times

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, March 1.—[Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.] At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 29.97; at 5 p.m., 29.90. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 54 deg. and 71 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 76 per cent.; 5 p.m., 48 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., northeast, velocity 6 miles; 5 p.m., west, velocity 4 miles. Maximum temperature, 77 deg.; minimum, 46 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

**Temperature.**—Maximum temperature, February 28; minimum temperature, March 1.

Max. Min.	Max. Min.
Boston 40 20	Pittsburgh 31 20
New York 38 24	Chicago 20 28
Cincinnati 30 26	Washington 40 26
Buffalo 28 18	

**DRY BULB TEMPERATURE.**

Los Angeles	San Francisco	San Diego
54	50	40

**Weather Conditions.**—The pressure has risen from Washington to the Upper Missouri Valley and southward to Nevada and Utah, accompanied by falling temperature and moderately cold weather. Light frost occurred this morning at Portland and Roseburg. Freezing weather prevails in the mountain regions and snow is falling at Denver. Clear weather with northerly winds and slight temperature changes prevail in Southern California.

**Forecasts.**—Local forecast for Los Angeles and vicinity: Fair tonight and Wednesday.

**WEATHER FORECAST:**

SAN FRANCISCO, March 1.—For Southern California: Fair Wednesday; westerly wind. **Weekly Crop Bulletin.**—The storm which set in on the 24th inst. did not extend further south than the northern portions of Orange county, north of which there were general showers but mostly light, except in the vicinity of Point Conception, where the rainfall was quite heavy. Growing grain and pasture were benefited by the rains, but unless copious showers occur within the next few weeks it is scarcely probable that crops will mature, though in sections there are indications of a light crop of hay. The warm weather is bringing out fruit buds quite fast. Early peaches and apricots are blooming quite freely and citrus trees are commencing to show buds. Almonds are blooming earlier than usual in sections. Some locusts are ripe in Orange county. Irrigating orchards continues.

**March Weather.**—The following data, covering the month of March for a period of twenty years, have been compiled from the Weather Bureau records at Los Angeles, Cal.: Mean or normal temperature, 57 deg.; the warmest month was that of 1885, with an average of 62 deg. The coldest month was that of 1880, with an average of 52 deg. The highest temperature 89 deg., on March 29, 1879. The lowest temperature was 31 deg., on March 9, 1883. Average precipitation for the month, 2.88 inches. The greatest monthly precipitation was 4.18 inches, in 1884. The least monthly precipitation was .41 inch, in 1885. The greatest amount of precipitation recorded in any twenty-four consecutive hours was 2.18 inches, on March 3 and 4, 1884. Average number of clear days, 12; partly cloudy days, 12; cloudy days, 7. The prevailing winds have been from the west. The highest velocity of the wind was 46 miles, from the southwest, on March 12, 1881.

### ALL ALONG THE LINE.

San José knows how it is herself. The Mercury says: "Outside reformers who are so anxious to run our city government, and to so carefully avoid hearing any of its expenses, are indeed, an unselfish and lofty-minded lot."

It is said that a new woman at Stockton has applied for admission as a member of the National Guard, because she wants to go and fight the Spaniards. The Fresno Republican says encouragingly: "Give the lady a gun and send her to the front forthwith. If she should not succeed in shooting any Spaniards, she might accidentally kill off a few yellow newspaper correspondents."

A correspondent says that the ghost of the proposed San Antonio county, heard from in previous years, is again whispering through the breezes of the Pomona Valley. It is further stated that the people will not put division from the Legislature. Judged by the past, if that ghost is as honest as he is believed to be, he will have to whisper through a tornado if he is heard in Sacramento.

The Oceanside Blade says: "Despite the decision of the Committee of Thirty that La Fiesta must be abandoned, the festival will be held this year as usual. The obstacle encountered, and which led the committee to believe that La Fiesta must be abandoned, was the refusal of the railroads to make their usual contributions to the expense fund, but that has been overcome by the liberality of a large number of Los Angeles citizens."

The Riverside Enterprise says: "Something should be done to prevent the bike scorching that is practiced on the streets of the city every day. The law plainly says that these machines cannot be run over eight miles an hour inside the city limits, yet they are run as high as twenty miles. Yesterday morning a youngster, who was on his way to school on Eighth street, came down the street at a twenty-mile gait at least, and it was by the rarest good fortune that he barely missed running over a little 5-year-old child, who was crossing the street near the Court-house. A few more of these law-breakers would soon teach bike riders that there are others beside themselves who have some rights of the streets."

### WILSON EXPLAINS.

Says Farm, Field and Fire-insurance Company Intends No Swindle.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] CHICAGO, March 1.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] J. W. Wilson, secretary and manager of the Farm, Field and Fire-insurance company, said: "In 1904, we located a colony in Big Rock district, Southern California, through the agency of H. P. Sweet. At that time a Los Angeles law firm and abstract company both examined the title and pronounced it good. Since then a suit, brought in the United States courts, against the Southern Pacific Railway, has finally decided against the company, affecting title to a portion of the lands. There has been no intention of swindling anyone, and the title will be made good to those affected."

**To Repeal a Railroad Charter.** FRANKFORT (Ky.), March 1.—Mr. Stout of Woodford (Dem.) introduced a bill in the House today, proposing to repeal the charter of the Southern Pacific Company, and declaring an emergency because of the refusal of the said company to pay the State franchise tax. There is not enough of the session left to make probable, if possible, the passage of any bill introduced at this stage.

### DON'T GO TO LAW.

But if you must we will advise you without charge, and if we don't win your case will charge you nothing. Hand collections collected. Suits against corporations, libel, slander and foreclosures our specialties. All legal matters treated in the most confidential manner. Langworthy Co., 226 S. Spring.

## POLICE COURT TANGLE.

MORE HABEAS CORPUS CASES NOW ON THE TAPIS.

"Habeas Corpus" Ladd Seizes the Opportunity to Add to His Laurels—Probability of Confusion Being Worse Confounded.

The abrogation of the Police courts has given "Habeas Corpus" Ladd an opportunity to practice his favorite legal tactics as he has not been slow to avail himself of the opportunity. Mr. Ladd has taken up the cudgels in behalf of Wingate Lindsey, now imprisoned in the City Jail awaiting trial on a charge of petty embezzlement. The complaint on which Lindsey is held in durandio was filed in the Police Court, and there being no Police Court now, and there never having been any in fact according to the late ruling of Judge Van Dyke, why then, Mr. Ladd argues, Lindsey is unlawfully imprisoned.

"Old Habeas Corpus," as Ladd is familiarly termed in police circles, experienced some difficulty yesterday afternoon in getting an interview with his client. He was refused admittance to the jail on one pretext or another until after 5 o'clock, after which no interviews with prisoners are allowed. Ladd went away grumbling at the obstacle put in the way of a habeas corpus lawyer, but will be on hand bright and early this morning to resume the fight.

Several other habeas corpus cases are under way. Judge Smith is expected to pass on one in a few days in the case of John Mitchell, accused of petty larceny, who is now in the City Jail. Held by the late Police Court to answer. The Mitchell case, it is said, will bring the issue as to whether the Police Court is valid, on one pretext or another before the Superior Court. Judge Smith's decision is anxiously awaited by police officials and lawyers. Should he take a view contrary to that of Judge Van Dyke, as many think possible, the chaos resulting will be greater than ever. It will then be "horse and horse" so far as Superior Court decisions are concerned and confusion will be worse confounded.

If the matter were to remain as it stands now, Judge Van Dyke's opinion being accepted as final, affairs would soon adjust themselves to the new order of things and the city might manage to get along without a regular Police Court until such time as the Legislature should see fit to provide it with one. But with two conflicting Superior Court decisions, the situation would be anomalous, and no lawyer, client or court official would know exactly where he is "at." It would require the opinions of more Superior Court Judges, then, or mayhap a Supreme Court decision to undo the tangle.

Meanwhile the long-suffering public awaits the outcome of the various habeas corpus cases pending with an interest so dense that it can be felt.

### PIONEERS' MEETING.

Judge B. S. Eaton Talks of California's Last Indian War.

The Pioneers of Los Angeles County had their monthly meeting last evening in Caledonia Hall, No. 119 1/2, South Spring street. There was a very large attendance. Judge B. S. Eaton presided. The programme of the evening was an entertaining one. Songs and recitations were appropriately interspersed with the more solid work of the evening.

Judge Eaton gave a clear and highly interesting account of the last Indian war in Southern California. He is the only living man who took part in that war. He graphically described the organization of the volunteer corps that left Los Angeles in 1851 to quell the insurrection. He told of the hardships endured by his party, and the difficulty they had in finding food. In fact, Indian fighting was the least of their troubles. The fear for provisions seems to have occupied the most of their time. The leaders of the Indian uprising were eventually captured and executed in true military fashion. They were given a drumhead court-martial, with accompaniments. Judge Eaton also touched upon the execution of David Brown, a noted desperado, who was hanged by a mob in Los Angeles. This mob, he said, was led by the late Stephen C. Foster, then Mayor of the city, who resigned his office that he might be the leader.

After Judge Eaton's narration, designs were submitted for a seal to be adopted by the society. The selection, however, was deferred until the next meeting.

The secretary then distributed to the various members present copies of the annual publication of the Historical Society of Southern California and the Pioneer Register.

**Postoffices and Pensions.** [SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.] WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—Pensions were granted to citizens of California today as follows:

Original Widows, etc.—Elvira M. Lee, San Francisco, \$8; Caroline S. Kendall, Palo Alto, \$8; Letitia M. Neal, Paso Robles, \$8. Mexican war widows—Christina Frances Miller, Sacramento, \$8. Original—John Murray, Veterans' Home, Napa, \$6; James M. Beck, San Diego, \$8; William Gerichs, San José, \$8; William H. Kipp, Chicago Park, \$8; William Henry Allen, San Francisco, \$8; Smith D. Pierce, Hooker, \$8. Increase—Thomas Carney, Soldiers' Home, Los Angeles, \$6 to \$8; Albert P. Horton, San Francisco, \$6 to \$8. Special mail service was today discontinued between Milroy, Fresno county and Reedley, and Verona, Sutter county, and Verona station, Cal.

### Three to One.

John Howard, a chronic dope fiend and petty larceny thief, was arrested yesterday by the "Big Three," Detectives Aubie, Hawley and Flammer, who will prosecute him for petty larceny with a prior conviction. Howard is the man who broke into a cigar case at No. 116 North Spring street some months ago and made away with several boxes of cigars. He has never been prosecuted for this, although he has spent some time behind the bars since the commission of the crime.

### Mrs. Carr Must Go Back.

Deputy Sheriff J. D. Thomas of Placer county arrived here yesterday to take charge of Mrs. J. W. Carr, who was arrested Monday morning by Detectives Goodman and Steele as she stepped from a Southern Pacific train from the north. Mrs. Carr is wanted in Placer county for felony embezzlement. She formerly kept a restaurant in this city.

**Friendly Scuffle Fractured Ankle.** During a friendly scuffle in a saloon on North Main street last night, John Dorsey caught his foot beneath the bar railing. He fell, fracturing his right ankle. Dr. Hagan reduced the fracture at the Receiving Hospital and put the man to bed.

### Chamber of Commerce.

H. S. Woodruff of Matilla Hot Springs sent in for exhibition in the Chamber of Commerce a fine lot of Washington navel oranges. The Pomona Board of Trade also made a fine display of Washington navel oranges.

## He Did.

There is a young man over in Boyle Heights who is not using a pet expression of his today. He used it last night. He is always telling somebody, "Get a gait on you," or he is telling how he "got a gait on himself," instead of using plain English and saying he "had to hustle," or "he got a move on him." He was trying to get started home about eleven o'clock last night; he had got as far as the gate. About eleven minutes past eleven one of those warning voices that pass in the night floated out of the door. "Mamie! Mamie! Mamie! Come right in the house; you've been out there long enough," and the hinges broke and the young man "got a gait on him." Some times it doesn't pay to "get a gait on you." It will today, though. We have added to our great sale of new Spring Shirts at One Dollar a few hundred solid body shirts in some very swell patterns and colors. You're a quarter to a half in if you get a gait on you.

## Silverwood.

The Cash Men's Furnisher.  
124  
South Spring Street.

## PLACER MINING

Hand-Book for Klondike and Other Miners and Prospectors.

With information regarding recent gold discoveries in the Yukon Valley; the routes to the gold fields, outfit required and mining regulations of Alaska and the Canadian Yukon, and map of the Yukon Valley; price \$1.00. For sale at 246 South Spring Street, near Public Library. The largest, most varied and most complete stock of Books west of Chicago.

Why not get a Piano now and have the use of it while you are paying for it? We will make terms.

Southern California Music Co. 216-218 W. 3d Broadway

## DR. MEYERS & CO.

If You Have Defective Eyes And value them consult us. No case of defective vision where glasses are required is too complicated for us. Glasses ground to order if necessary. The correct adjustment of frames is quite as important as the perfect fitting of lenses, and the scientific fitting and making of glasses and frames is our only business (specialty). Have satisfied others. Will satisfy you.

245 S. Spring Street, established 1876, look for 1750

## Columbus.

Without being a Columbus you can make wonderful discoveries in Furniture prices and values here. Steer into the port of honest business methods.

NILES PEASE FURNITURE COMPANY.

439-441-443 South Spring St.

We will move about MARCH 1 to 337 South Spring Street.

"The Eclipse" Millinery. Now at 327 S. Spring.

THE GREAT SUCCESS IN Life is to grasp an opportunity when presented. The man who needs Shoes should not fail to call on BURNS, 240 South Spring St.



Your Eyes Are cared for when fitted in glasses here. Get Quality Crystal Lenses (none better) at DELANY, the Optician, 218 South Spring St.

## BOSTON DRY STORE.

J. W. ROBINSON CO.

239 Broadway. Tel. 904 Main.

## Black Dress Goods.

OPENING OF THE SEASON.

With increased space and the advantage of additional light, this department has now become the most

## Popular Resort

In the city. Nothing but perfectly reliable goods are shown.

Our Styles Are the Latest. Qualities the Best. Prices the Lowest.

40-inch All-wool Broche Etamine, 40-inch All-wool Honeycomb Crepon, 36-inch All-wool Figured Chalks.

50c Yard.

44-inch All-wool Brocade Granite, 46-inch Half-silk Etamine, 44-inch wide wale Serge and Creponettes.

75c Yard.

44-inch Soliel, large, medium and small figures, 44-inch All-wool Fancy Figured Poplins, 44-inch Broche and Diagonal Serge,

85c Yard.

46-inch All-wool Fancy Satin Striped Batiste, 46-inch All-wool Fancy Snakeskin Cords, 46-inch Canvas, Whipcords and Crepons,

\$1.00 Yard.

46-inch All-wool Panama Crepes, 46-inch Silk-striped Brocades, 46-inch Lizards, Soliel and Jacquards,

\$1.25 Yard.

44-inch Brocade Brilliant, newest weaves and plain, 44-inch Mohair Crepons, Bayadere and Figured, 46-inch All-wool Drap Raye,

\$1.50 Yard.

44-inch All-wool Souffle Fancies, Drap d'Ete, Amazons, Jacquards, Venetians, Balkan Boucle, Whipcords, Crepon Brocades, etc.,

\$1.75 to \$2.50 Yard.

Pattern Costumes—Latest Paris Productions, in new weaves and original designs.

\$10.00 to \$35.00.

SPECIALS.

40-inch All-wool Fancy Mohair Sicilian, 40-inch All-wool Figured Batiste,

25c Yard.

**H. JEVNE**

Gentlemen—If you want a Satisfactory Smoke try the Principe De Gales. For sale at our Cigar Counter.

208-210 South Spring Street, Wilcox Building.

**DR. MEYERS & CO.**

The man who wastes time by not seeking the aid of a skilled and reliable specialist when he has an ailment or weakness is nearly, but not quite, as reckless as the man who goes to an incompetent doctor, or to one who has not made a close study of that particular line of practice. Men who place themselves in the hands of Dr. Meyers & Co. do not make either of the mistakes mentioned. The eminent physicians of this institution have built up a large practice by curing thousands of the most difficult diseases of men, many of which have been abandoned as incurable by other reputable doctors.

No Pay Till Cured

Dr. Meyers & Co. have erected an everlasting monument to their greatness by restoring total or partial lost manhood for a countless number of men of all ages and conditions. If you want to be cured or restored speedily and permanently call on or write Dr. Meyers & Co. Consultation and advice and private book for men only, free and sealed by mail. All correspondence confidential.

**DR. MEYERS & CO.**

[ESTABLISHED SIXTEEN YEARS.]

218 SOUTH BROADWAY, LOS ANGELES.

Office Hours—9 to 12, 1 to 4 Daily; Evenings, 7 to 8; Sundays, 9 to 11.

**DR. MEYERS & CO.**

Diseases and Weakness of Men Only.

**CONSUMPTION CURED.** Dr. W. Harrison Ballard 415 1/2 S. Spring St.

SEND FOR COPYRIGHTED "TREATISE ON CONSUMPTION."

**Newberry's**

"We Lead in Quality and Quantity."

**Dainty for Breakfast.**

Cream of Maize, 2 lbs	15c
Parched Farinose, 2 lb pkg	15c
Quaker Oats, 2 lb pkg	10c
Pearl Hominy, 2 lb pkg	10c
Wheatena, 2 lb pkg	25c
Granulated Hominy, 2 lb pkg	10c
Royal Breakfast Food, 4 lb pkg	15c
Cracked Wheat, 2 lb pkg	15c
Victor Oats, 2 lb pkg, 3 pkgs	25c

**Cashmere Store Co.**

314 & 316 SOUTH SPRING ST.—REFRIGERATORS.

**J. E. Carver Co.**

**TODAY**

2 packages Shredded Wheat Biscuits	25c
2 packages Caramel Cereal	25c
Log Cabin Maple Syrup, per gallon	\$1.10
4 cans Tomatoes	25c
4 cans Salmon	25c
10 lbs. Oats or Wheat	25c
10 bars Pet. Blea Soap	25c
Sugar Cured Hams, per pound	9c

PHONE 801 BLACK. 623 SOUTH BROADWAY.

**Only a Few Days More**

Before I shut up the shop and go to Klondike— You can have the goods at these prices as long as I keep open.

Men's Unlaundered Shirts, worth 50c, for	29c
Painters' Overalls and Shirts, worth 50c, for	25c
Men's Black Satin Ties, worth 50c, for	22c
Fine Silk and wool Shirts, worth \$2.50, for	\$1.25
Men's Stiff Hats, from \$1.50 to \$4.00, for	49c
Men's Soft Hats, worth \$1.50, for	69c
Men's Pants, worth \$2.50, for	\$1.45
Men's Fine Worsteds Suits, worth \$6.50, for	\$3.95
Men's Fine Worsteds Suits, worth \$7.50, for	\$4.95
Men's Fine Worsteds Suits, worth \$10.00, for	\$5.95
Boys' Suits at \$1.25, \$1.45, \$1.85, \$2.25 and	\$2.45
All worth double	
Boys' Long Pants Suits at \$3.45, \$4.45 and	\$4.85
Which are half-priced	

**Caleb Cushman,**

BANKRUPT STOCK 415 South Spring St.

**SCHIFFMAN DENTAL CO.**

EARS ago it was the custom for dentists to extract ALL teeth. Now this has changed, vice versa. Too many dentists are eager to fill teeth which are wholly unfit to be left in the mouth. It is a wise and skillful dentist who knows when a tooth should be saved, and when it should be given up to be replaced by other means.

Since teeth can be filled by the SCHIFFMAN METHOD without pain and with perfect safety, it is but common sense to have them attended to when only a small filling is required, instead of waiting until only a shell is left and the expense more than doubled.

This is to certify that I have had 32 teeth extracted by Dr. Schiffman without pain or bad effects.

MRS. C. W. SHAFER, 808 E. Twenty-eighth St.

Dr. Schiffman has filled teeth and done other work for me, and I must say that he is the easiest dentist that ever worked for me. The doctor is exceedingly gentle in his handling and working on the teeth, and I consider his work of the very best. All his work on my teeth was PERFECTLY PAINLESS. I highly recommend him to my friends.

JOHN H. SCHUMACHER, 107 N. Spring St.

I have had some excellent work done by Dr. Schiffman, both extracting and plate work, without pain, and to my entire satisfaction.

MRS. L. C. WHITE, 713 S. Grand Ave.

On account of some unfortunate experience I had in the extraction of my teeth I became a great coward in this respect. Today Dr. Schiffman extracted one of my very refractory teeth without causing me one particle of pain.

D. K. TRASK, Attorney, Fulton Block.

SCHIFFMAN DENTAL CO., Rooms 29 to 31, Schumacher Block, 107 N. Spring. Open Evenings and Sunday forenoon.

**Grimes Stassforth Stationery Co.**

**Labor Saved—Money Made.**

The modern office should have modern conveniences. The modern business man appreciates the fact that modern office supplies mean a great saving of time, labor and money. We carry in stock every GOOD office appliance.

306 South Spring St., Henne Building, near cor. Third St.

**Sperry's Flour**

IT PLEASES THE MOST CRITICAL



















## BUSINESS.

## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES.

Los Angeles, March 1, 1898.

**FRUIT-GROWERS' BANK.** The following statement shows the financial condition of the Fruit-growers' Bank, doing business in Fullerton, county of Orange, on the 4th day of February, 1898, at the close of business:

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$50,700.32
Cash balances	1,438.28
Due from banks and bankers	28,116.46
Due from other banks	1,163.00
Expenses, taxes, etc.	180.00
Total	\$80,998.21

LIABILITIES.	
Capital paid up	\$25,000.00
Reserve fund	52.60
Due depositors	58,531.29
Interest collected	307.78
Dividends unpaid	16.00
Profit and loss	50.62
Total	\$80,998.21

**INTEREST RATES TENDING DOWNWARD.** In referring to the interest rates proposed for government savings banks, Postmaster Gary, in a letter to Edward O. Wolcott, chairman of the Committee on Postoffice and Post-roads, says:

"The rate of interest prescribed is a rate too high. The downward tendency of the interest rate is unmistakable. It is much safer to guarantee a rate that is too low, for in that event profits would accrue, which could be distributed among the depositors. It is more prudent to start with a low rate of interest, and during the thirty-five years of the operation of the system it has accumulated nearly \$600,000, paying 2 1/2 per cent. interest and 1/2 per cent. in expenses. It has also yielded more than \$7,000,000 in profits, which have been paid out among the depositors. Last year, however, notwithstanding the low rate of interest, because of the increase in the value of consols, the system was run at a slight loss, about \$19,000.

"The other countries, while they largely copied from the English system, and not adopted the interest, but fixed the rates variously, each to suit itself, from 3 1/2 per cent. in France to 7 per cent. in Japan. The prevailing rate was 4 per cent. But nearly all of these rates have since been reduced. The French rate is still maintained, but with great difficulty, and it is stated upon good authority that it is not maintained for political reasons, the rate would be reduced at once. France has two kinds of savings banks, the ordinary, which has attracted the money, and the postal. The accumulations of both are by law required to be turned over to the caisse des depots et consignations, a government fund, for investment. By law this must be put in 2 1/2 per cent. of which the ordinary banks pay 3 per cent. to their depositors and the postal banks 2 1/2 per cent. to expenses.

"The repeated efforts to reduce the rate have caused the only dissatisfaction to be noted in connection with the system in foreign countries. It is a great deal easier to increase the rate by the distribution of dividends than it is to lower it. It is clear to me that prudence demands that the guaranteed rate of interest should not exceed 2 per cent. Postmaster-General Wadsworth has himself still further within the bounds of safety when he recommended that 1/2 cent a day be allowed for each \$100 on deposit, or at the rate of 1 1/2 per cent. The security of the proposed system and not its rate of interest will be its chief attraction to depositors. Interest should be paid on \$1 and on multiples of the dollar."

**CALIFORNIA BANK.** At a meeting of the board of directors of the California Bank yesterday, W. F. Bottsford was elected president to succeed Samuel J. Lewis, who died recently. Mr. Bottsford is Pacific Coast agent of the California Bank at present, but will give his entire time to the bank hereafter. He is a man of large means and wide business experience.

**COMMERCIAL.**  
**CHEAP ALUMINUM.** Gradually the price of aluminum has fallen, until now the Pittsburgh Reduction Company is quoting rolled sheet aluminum at prices which, while higher per pound than those for sheet brass, are cheaper per square foot for sheets of the same thickness—that is to say, the price of aluminum is not so high, compared to the price of other metals, as the specific gravity of brass sheets is when compared to the specific gravity of aluminum sheets, so that for any purpose where a piece of sheet metal of a given size and thickness is to be used, aluminum will now be the cheaper material, and in many cases it undoubtedly also be the better one.

**OLIVE PRODUCTION IN EUROPE.** The land occupied by olive orchards in Italy is estimated at 1,300,000 acres, and the quantity of olive oil annually produced at from 70,000,000 to 80,000,000 gallons. England imports from the Mediterranean countries about 25,000 tons of olive oil per year. The United

States imported in 1896, 942,598 gallons, of a declared value of \$1,107,049.

## GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

**AN ANCIENT BOYCOTT.** The notice of a boycott, more than a hundred years before the word was invented, appeared in a London paper in 1835:

"There being some Indian and French silks now selling by auction in this town, and two or three hatters' wives in the Earl of Meath's library having bought a few pieces thereof, the master weavers and dyers, as well as journeymen of those corporations, give notice by beat of drum that they would not drink any liquor whatever brewed by the husbands of the said women, who would encourage foreign manufacture when there are numbers of poor weavers in a starving condition in this town and all over the kingdom, for want of employment."

## LOCAL PRODUCE MARKET.

**EGGS, BUTTER AND CHEESE.**

Eggs are gradually settling lower, but yet no sales are being made. The break of the last two days will probably not be before still lower prices are reached. Local creamery does not share in the general slump, for the simple reason that the scarcity of feed has made it a scarce article, but even the best local creamery is no longer salable above 50 cents. Heavy receipts, and the pernicious condition of "process" are blamed for the general decline.

Cheese managers to hold their own. 20 LBS.—Per doz. fresh ranch, 110¢; 10 LBS.—Fancy local creamery, per doz. square, 52¢; 5 LBS.—Northern creamery, 45¢; fancy dairy, per doz. roll, 42¢; light cream, per doz. 32¢; 20 LBS.—Per doz. CHEESE—Per lb. eastern half cream, 9¢; California half cream, 10¢; Coast full cream, 12¢; Anchor, 12¢; Downy, 12¢; Young America, 12¢; 3 LBS. hand, 14¢; domestic Swiss, 15¢; imported Swiss, 20¢; Edam, fancy, 25¢; 10 LBS.—Per doz. POTATOES—Per cwt. 10¢; 5 LBS.—Per doz. 5¢; 2 LBS.—Per doz. 2¢; 1 LBS.—Per doz. 1¢; 1/2 LBS.—Per doz. 1/2¢; 1/4 LBS.—Per doz. 1/4¢; 1/8 LBS.—Per doz. 1/8¢; 1/16 LBS.—Per doz. 1/16¢; 1/32 LBS.—Per doz. 1/32¢; 1/64 LBS.—Per doz. 1/64¢; 1/128 LBS.—Per doz. 1/128¢; 1/256 LBS.—Per doz. 1/256¢; 1/512 LBS.—Per doz. 1/512¢; 1/1024 LBS.—Per doz. 1/1024¢; 1/2048 LBS.—Per doz. 1/2048¢; 1/4096 LBS.—Per doz. 1/4096¢; 1/8192 LBS.—Per doz. 1/8192¢; 1/16384 LBS.—Per doz. 1/16384¢; 1/32768 LBS.—Per doz. 1/32768¢; 1/65536 LBS.—Per doz. 1/65536¢; 1/131072 LBS.—Per doz. 1/131072¢; 1/262144 LBS.—Per doz. 1/262144¢; 1/524288 LBS.—Per doz. 1/524288¢; 1/1048576 LBS.—Per doz. 1/1048576¢; 1/2097152 LBS.—Per doz. 1/2097152¢; 1/4194304 LBS.—Per doz. 1/4194304¢; 1/8388608 LBS.—Per doz. 1/8388608¢; 1/16777216 LBS.—Per doz. 1/16777216¢; 1/33554432 LBS.—Per doz. 1/33554432¢; 1/67108864 LBS.—Per doz. 1/67108864¢; 1/134217728 LBS.—Per doz. 1/134217728¢; 1/268435456 LBS.—Per doz. 1/268435456¢; 1/536870912 LBS.—Per doz. 1/536870912¢; 1/1073741824 LBS.—Per doz. 1/1073741824¢; 1/2147483648 LBS.—Per doz. 1/2147483648¢; 1/4294967296 LBS.—Per doz. 1/4294967296¢; 1/8589934592 LBS.—Per doz. 1/8589934592¢; 1/17179869184 LBS.—Per doz. 1/17179869184¢; 1/34359738368 LBS.—Per doz. 1/34359738368¢; 1/68719476736 LBS.—Per doz. 1/68719476736¢; 1/137438953472 LBS.—Per doz. 1/137438953472¢; 1/274877906944 LBS.—Per doz. 1/274877906944¢; 1/549755813888 LBS.—Per doz. 1/549755813888¢; 1/1099511627776 LBS.—Per doz. 1/1099511627776¢; 1/2199023255552 LBS.—Per doz. 1/2199023255552¢; 1/4398046511104 LBS.—Per doz. 1/4398046511104¢; 1/8796093022208 LBS.—Per doz. 1/8796093022208¢; 1/17592186044416 LBS.—Per doz. 1/17592186044416¢; 1/35184372088832 LBS.—Per doz. 1/35184372088832¢; 1/70368744177664 LBS.—Per doz. 1/70368744177664¢; 1/140737488355328 LBS.—Per doz. 1/140737488355328¢; 1/281474976710656 LBS.—Per doz. 1/281474976710656¢; 1/562949953421312 LBS.—Per doz. 1/562949953421312¢; 1/1125899906842624 LBS.—Per doz. 1/1125899906842624¢; 1/2251799813685248 LBS.—Per doz. 1/2251799813685248¢; 1/4503599627370496 LBS.—Per doz. 1/4503599627370496¢; 1/9007199254740992 LBS.—Per doz. 1/9007199254740992¢; 1/18014398509481984 LBS.—Per doz. 1/18014398509481984¢; 1/36028797018963968 LBS.—Per doz. 1/36028797018963968¢; 1/72057594037927936 LBS.—Per doz. 1/72057594037927936¢; 1/144115188075855872 LBS.—Per doz. 1/144115188075855872¢; 1/288230376151711744 LBS.—Per doz. 1/288230376151711744¢; 1/576460752303423488 LBS.—Per doz. 1/576460752303423488¢; 1/1152921504606846976 LBS.—Per doz. 1/1152921504606846976¢; 1/2305843009213693952 LBS.—Per doz. 1/2305843009213693952¢; 1/4611686018427387904 LBS.—Per doz. 1/4611686018427387904¢; 1/9223372036854775808 LBS.—Per doz. 1/9223372036854775808¢; 1/18446744073709551616 LBS.—Per doz. 1/18446744073709551616¢; 1/36893488147419103232 LBS.—Per doz. 1/36893488147419103232¢; 1/73786976294838206464 LBS.—Per doz. 1/73786976294838206464¢; 1/147573952589676412928 LBS.—Per doz. 1/147573952589676412928¢; 1/295147905179352825856 LBS.—Per doz. 1/295147905179352825856¢; 1/590295810358705651712 LBS.—Per doz. 1/590295810358705651712¢; 1/1180591620717411303424 LBS.—Per doz. 1/1180591620717411303424¢; 1/2361183241434822606848 LBS.—Per doz. 1/2361183241434822606848¢; 1/4722366482869645213696 LBS.—Per doz. 1/4722366482869645213696¢; 1/9444732965739290427392 LBS.—Per doz. 1/9444732965739290427392¢; 1/18889465931478580854784 LBS.—Per doz. 1/18889465931478580854784¢; 1/37778931862957161709568 LBS.—Per doz. 1/37778931862957161709568¢; 1/75557863725914323419136 LBS.—Per doz. 1/75557863725914323419136¢; 1/151115727451828646838272 LBS.—Per doz. 1/151115727451828646838272¢; 1/302231454903657293676544 LBS.—Per doz. 1/302231454903657293676544¢; 1/604462909807314587353088 LBS.—Per doz. 1/604462909807314587353088¢; 1/1208925819614629174706176 LBS.—Per doz. 1/1208925819614629174706176¢; 1/2417851639229258349412352 LBS.—Per doz. 1/2417851639229258349412352¢; 1/4835703278458516698824704 LBS.—Per doz. 1/4835703278458516698824704¢; 1/9671406556917033397649408 LBS.—Per doz. 1/9671406556917033397649408¢; 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1/54445178707306580441833812847909785792 LBS.—Per doz. 1/54445178707306580441833812847909785792¢; 1/108890357414613160883666256954819571584 LBS.—Per doz. 1/108890357414613160883666256954819571584¢; 1/21778071482922632176733251391083914368 LBS.—Per doz. 1/21778071482922632176733251391083914368¢; 1/43556142965845264353466502782167828736 LBS.—Per doz. 1/43556142965845264353466502782167828736¢; 1/87112285931690528706933005564335657472 LBS.—Per doz. 1/87112285931690528706933005564335657472¢; 1/174224571823381057413866011128671314944 LBS.—Per doz. 1/174224571823381057413866011128671314944¢; 1/348449143646762114827732022257342629888 LBS.—Per doz. 1/348449143646762114827732022257342629888¢; 1/696898287293524229654440044514685257776 LBS.—Per doz. 1/696898287293524229654440044514685257776¢; 1/1393796574587048459308880089029365515552 LBS.—Per doz. 1/1393796574587048459308880089029365515552¢; 1/2787593149174096918617760178058711071104 LBS.—Per doz. 1/2787593149174096918617760178058711071104¢; 1/5575186298348193837235520356117422142208 LBS.—Per doz. 1/5575186298348193837235520356117422142208¢; 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1/1141798153849022137785786653178173288755584 LBS.—Per doz. 1/1141798153849022137785786653178173288755584¢; 1/22835963076980442755715733063563465775111168 LBS.—Per doz. 1/22835963076980442755715733063563465775111168¢; 1/45671926153960885511431466271226911510222336 LBS.—Per doz. 1/45671926153960885511431466271226911510222336¢; 1/91343852307921771022862932542453822020444704 LBS.—Per doz. 1/91343852307921771022862932542453822020444704¢; 1/1826877046158435420571558650849076440408880 LBS.—Per doz. 1/1826877046158435







## City Briefs.

Rand & McNally's official map of Alaska, with cover, for 25 cents at the Times counting room, or mailed to any address for the same price.

Tally-ho ride to Pasadena, Baldwin's Ranch, yesterday, old friends. Register at St. George Stables, 510 S. Broadway.

Special-Finest cabinet photos reduced to \$1 and \$1.75 per dozen. Sunbeam, No. 238 South Main street. Closing out! Fruit, etc., 5 cents; everything reduced. No. 446 South Broadway.

Dr. C. Edgar Smith, female, recital diseases, Lankershim bldg., Green 494.

E. P. Collins, the florist, has been removed to No. 339 South Spring street. Dr. Minnie Wells, 127 East Third st.

W. S. Newhall was fined \$2 yesterday by Justice for violating the hitching ordinance.

The annual meeting of the Federation of Societies of Southern California will be held on March 17, at Unity Church, Judge E. M. Smith returned yesterday from San Francisco, where he has been sitting in the Federal Court of Appeals.

The annual meeting of the Los Angeles Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be held today at 3:30 p.m. in the First Baptist Church, on Sixth and Broadway.

At a meeting of the directors of the California Bank, held yesterday, W. F. Bottsford was elected president, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Lewis.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union office for C. M. Sheffer, J. W. Pear, William S. Johnson, M. F. Bowles, T. C. Ryan, Hon. J. S. Fasset and Mrs. A. B. Boswell.

United States Marshal Covarrubias left yesterday for San Francisco, taking with him two Chinamen, Wong Tong and Ng Kim, who are to be deported to the land of their nativity at the expense of Uncle Sam.

A memorial service for Miss Frances E. Willard will be held at the First Methodist Episcopal Church, Sunday, March 6, at 3 p.m., under the auspices of the State and Los Angeles Woman's Christian Temperance Unions.

A telephone alarm called the Fire Department to No. 1101 Channing street about 8 o'clock last night. A fallen lamp had set fire to the carpet in a front room. The house was owned by E. A. Kahill, who estimates the loss at \$25.

Chief of Detectives A. J. Bradish has been detained at his home for several days on account of the serious illness of Mrs. Bradish, who is suffering from an ulcerated affection of one of her hands and is threatened with blood poisoning.

The Episcopal parishes of Los Angeles and Pasadena will hold a united Lenten service at 7:15 this evening in St. John's Church, corner Adams and Figueroa streets. The clergy of the various parishes will be present. The sermon will be preached by the Rev. A. G. L. Frew, D.D.

On Thursday evening, March 3, 1893, at 7:30 p.m., at the First Presbyterian Church, corner Figueroa and Temple streets, will be held a meeting for the purpose of organizing the Southern California Association for the oral education of deaf children. Articles of association will be adopted, and officers elected.

**LOST HIS WATCH.**  
Uncle John Bryson's Pocket Picked at the Prize-Fight.

Among the many gay and giddy youths who thronged Hazard's Pavilion Monday evening to see a very bad prize fight, perhaps none was gayer, though not necessarily giddier, than "Uncle" John Bryson, a youth of 70-odd summers, who never fails to be among those present on such festive occasions.

"Uncle" John was once Mayor of Los Angeles, but laid official cares aside nearly ten years ago, and since then has been leading a life of ease and pleasure as becomes a young man of his wealth and station. Hence "Uncle" John's presence at Monday night's fistic fiasco at the Pavilion.

Expense is not considered when the young and frisky Bryson goes out to enjoy himself. It is not to be wondered at, therefore, that it cost him more to see the Jetties-Godard fistic than any other spectator. The box office was not enriched, however, to an unusual extent by the shedding of the Bryson wealth. It was some light-fingered "gentleman" at the ring side who profited by "Uncle" John's presence.

In short, Bryson got "touched" for his watch, an elegant diamond-studded timepiece valued at \$250. It is reported, also, that the mammoth "sparkler" which "Uncle" John always wears upon his immaculate bosom, dragged its anchor, but it finally found good holding ground, and the thief did not get away with the gem.

The police detectives have been furnished with a description of the missing watch, and the sleuths are now running their legs off in the endeavor to recover it. "Uncle" John will pay a handsome reward for the restoration of the "ticker" and the conviction of the thief.

**COPPER ON COPPER RIVER.**  
But Robinson Reports That No Gold Can Be Found There.

J. H. Robinson, an old miner who was sent to Alaska by a company organized here for the purpose of staking claims along Copper River, writes from Odak, under date of January 25. The letter was received by Deputy Sheriff Harrington a few days ago. It is a repetition of the stories already told of the hardships to be endured, and corroborates former reports of the falsity of stories told of fabulous wealth along the river.

Robinson writes that he ascended the stream as far as possible, but found no traces of gold. He did find, he says, pieces of copper float as large as a man's hand, and so pure that it could readily be whittled with a knife. As the snow was eight to fifteen feet deep at the time of writing, Robinson explained that it was impossible to follow this float or do any prospecting for ledges.

**Weather Last Month.**  
The Weather Bureau's report for the month of February shows the following data: Mean temperature, 58; highest, 85; lowest, 40; greatest daily range, 35; lowest, 4; mean for twenty years, 55; precipitation, 0.51 inches; average for twenty years, 2.27 inches; total from September 1 to date, 4.39 inches; total deficiency to date, 8.08 inches; average precipitation for seven wet seasons, 25.97 inches; number of clear days, 11; partly cloudy days, 12; cloudy days, 5.

**HERE YOU ARE.**  
The Times has just received a consignment of very fine Rand & McNally pocket maps of Alaska and the Klondike district, showing all mining districts and routes. The very latest. Price at the counter or by mail, only 25 cents.

**BROWN'S HOT AIR FURNACE.**  
Fits the climate and pocketbook. Heating houses, halls, etc., a specialty. 123 E. Fourth.

**NEARLY HALF RATES EAST.**  
We ship household goods in mixed car lots. The Van and Storage Co., 425 S. Spring st.

## STILL GROWING.

There is no longer any doubt that the money required to make the fiesta of 1893 equal, if not superior, to the carnivals of other years will be obtained. Small subscriptions are coming in rapidly, and some large one will be announced soon. The benefit at the Orpheum Theater this afternoon probably will swell the fund materially.

The amounts subscribed to The Times list up to date are as follows:  
Times-Mirror Company ..... \$500.00  
A. Hamburger & Sons (additional) ..... 250.00  
O. K. Livery ..... 10.00  
George D. Kuddy ..... 5.00  
C. A. Koser ..... 10.00  
William Garland (additional) ..... 25.00  
Meyberg Bros. .... 25.00  
Bishop & Co. .... 50.00  
John H. Robinson ..... 50.00  
Banning Company ..... 100.00  
L. A. Lichting Co. .... 100.00  
L. A. Electric Co. .... 150.00  
Title Insurance and Trust Co. .... 25.00  
J. F. Crosby ..... 5.00  
Eugene Bassett ..... 2.00  
M. L. Polaski ..... 5.00  
Machinist Co. .... 5.00  
George P. Taylor ..... 25.00  
T. E. Gibson (additional) ..... 20.00  
Edwin Cavston ..... 20.00  
W. H. Johnson ..... 10.00  
L. Behymer ..... 10.00  
Rev. John Gray ..... 5.00  
Easton, Eldridge & Co. (additional) ..... 50.00  
Rol King (additional) ..... 25.00  
D. L. Morrison ..... 5.00  
T. L. Tally (additional) ..... 10.00  
Hamann Baths ..... 2.00  
Frank G. Henderson ..... 2.00  
The Winthrop ..... 5.00  
Ville de Paris ..... 2.00  
University Courier ..... 10.00  
Godfrey & Moore ..... 10.00  
H. H. Schmitt Iron Co. .... 25.00  
A. T. Currier (additional) ..... 50.00  
Al Levy (additional) ..... 50.00  
Mullen & Bluet Clothing Co. .... 100.00  
Curtis-Newhall Adv. Co. .... 10.00  
Christopher & Sparks ..... 25.00  
Joseph Melzer & Co. .... 25.00  
Corona de Weiss ..... 5.00  
H. C. Patterson (double if necessary) ..... 10.00  
Canby Christensen ..... 2.00  
Gregory Perkins, Jr. .... 5.00  
C. E. A. Last ..... 50.00  
Pac. Crocker and Tinware Co. L. A. Furniture Co. .... 25.00  
H. A. Furtham ..... 25.00  
B. A. Kenyon ..... 5.00  
I. Magnin & Co. .... 5.00  
Ludwig & Matthews ..... 10.00  
Aug. Schmidt ..... 5.00  
J. H. Lapham ..... 5.00  
T. Vache & Co. .... 10.00  
A. A. Eckstrom ..... 5.00  
A. A. Eck ..... 25.00  
Times employes ..... 10.00  
W. C. Walker ..... 10.00  
A. Lucas ..... 5.00  
F. Conrad ..... 5.00  
Henry Birken ..... 5.00  
Anderson & Thomas ..... 10.00  
Friedrich Eichenhofer ..... 10.00  
P. F. Gibson ..... 10.00  
Union Ice Company ..... 25.00  
D. E. Spangler ..... 5.00  
R. W. Fox ..... 10.00  
E. B. Block ..... 5.00  
Rush Bros. .... 5.00  
J. D. Westervelt ..... 2.00  
George H. Shafer ..... 5.00  
L. A. Theobald & Co. .... 10.00  
Singleton T. Kemper ..... 5.00  
For W. U. Tel. Co., by E. A. Beardslee, office mgr. .... 50.00  
C. E. Hertzman ..... 5.00  
F. Kerkow ..... 5.00  
F. Meyer ..... 5.00  
P. Roques ..... 5.00  
Joe Arnold ..... 5.00  
F. G. Chase ..... 2.00  
B. Spilker ..... 10.00  
Frank H. Taggart ..... 5.00  
H. B. Lippich ..... 2.00  
Bright's Special Delivery Co. .... 10.00  
Secondo Gusti ..... 25.00  
Los Angeles Railway Co. .... 1,500.00  
Burns, the Shoe man ..... 5.00  
J. Krilavovich ..... 2.50  
E. T. Kussman ..... 5.00  
J. Conrad ..... 10.00  
Louis F. Vetter ..... 5.00  
J. E. Tetlow ..... 10.00  
J. M. Schnitzer (additional) ..... 5.00  
Max Roth ..... 2.50  
M. Sigle & Co. .... 5.00  
H. Smith ..... 2.50  
Peter Marinovich ..... 5.00  
F. Atunovich & Co. .... 5.00  
John Illich ..... 5.00  
Mrs. A. Burwald ..... 5.00  
Farmers' and Merchants' B'k. .... 100.00  
H. W. Chase, Nadeau Hotel. .... 100.00  
P. Connor Bros. .... 5.00  
Krelo & Bee ..... 10.00  
M. M. Stewart ..... 5.00  
M. Levy ..... 5.00  
Joe Hawkins ..... 5.00  
H. W. Stoll & Co. .... 10.00  
V. H. Theobald & Co. .... 10.00  
A. Vignolo ..... 10.00  
White & Woods ..... 5.00  
Dickinson & Hogueman ..... 5.00  
Jerry Illich ..... 40.00  
Jackson Napa Soda Co. .... 5.00  
W. F. Ball (additional) ..... 10.00  
Peck & Clark & Co. .... 5.00  
Martin O'Neil ..... 2.50  
Bob Stadler ..... 10.00  
Silver Moon Restaurant ..... 1.50  
Automatic Photo Machine ..... 2.00  
W. H. Resenberger ..... 5.00  
Sarah Jones, Russ House ..... 5.00  
Mittendorf & Rogers ..... 10.00  
M. E. C. Broad ..... 5.00  
J. W. Frey ..... 5.00  
Mrs. S. Hayden ..... 10.00  
W. F. Nordholt ..... 10.00  
Meyers' Towel and L. S. Co. Barker Bros. .... 5.00  
Previously signed ..... 6220.50

Total ..... \$10,629.50  
Subscriptions may be filled in upon the blank printed below and sent either to The Times, or to Secretary Walton of La Fiesta, Byrne Building.

Subscriptions sent to either place will be added daily to the published list.

**Fiesta Subscription.**  
LOS ANGELES (Cal.) ..... 1893  
To La Fiesta de Los Angeles, (Incorporated.)  
Los Angeles, Cal.:  
In consideration of a Fiesta being held in 1893, the undersigned hereby subscribes the sum of ..... dollars, and agrees to pay the same upon demand.

Signature: .....  
Address: .....

**GOD MADE HIM WALK.**  
Aged James Taitte made a pilgrimage to this City.

James Taitte 64 years of age, was picked up on San Pedro street by Officer Rico yesterday afternoon, and sent to the Receiving Hospital for medical treatment. Taitte is suffering from senility. He is an inmate of the County Farm, and walked to this city from that place yesterday. When asked why he had done so, Taitte calmly replied: "God directed me to do so, and I obeyed Him."

The man will be sent back to the farm today.

RAND & McNALLY's official map of Alaska with cover for 25 cents at the Times counting room, or mailed to any address for the same price.

## 15 minutes sufficient

to give you most delicious tea biscuit if you use Royal Baking Powder as directed. It is a pure leavener.

## Railroad Items.

Superintendent John J. Byrne of the Santa Fe left the city yesterday for a tour of inspection around the Kite-shaped track.  
Fred Prince, ticket man in the Santa Fe city office here, has been transferred to San Francisco, to take charge of the company's office in that city.  
It is reported at the Southern Pacific offices that while shipment of oranges and other fruits is fairly good, it is not nearly so heavy as it should be at this time of the year. The decrease is attributed to the comparatively poor market in the East.

## Licensed to Wed.

Jacob Schrieber, 27 years of age and a native of Germany, and Clara Morlock, also a native of Germany and 25 years of age; both are residents of Los Angeles.  
Elmore R. Jaffery, 21 years of age and a native of Wisconsin, and Harriet M. Averill, also 21 years of age and a native of Ohio; both residents of Los Angeles.

## DEATH RECORD.

VORIS—In this city, March 1, Glenn Newton Voris, youngest son of Clarence H. and E. June Voris, aged 5 years and 3 months. Funeral services at house, No. 109 1/2 North Olive, at 10 a.m. today.

## BIRTH RECORD.

DORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Fred R. Dorn, a son, February 29, 1893.

THE Hotel Florence at San Diego has the reputation of having the best cuisine and service of the hotels of the extreme Southern California. This, together with its large, sunny rooms and the homelike features of the house, are indeed attractions offered to the traveling public by Messrs. E. E. Nichols & Son, the proprietors.

**LOS ANGELES TRANSFER CO.**  
Will check baggage at your residence to any point. No. 215 W. First street, Tel. M. 249.

## "Most Style"

For Least Money."

So reads the card in our window today. So you will find it inside the store—Most style for least money. To spend ten minutes among our trimmed hats is to learn more of real style and beauty than you have ever before seen. We cannot begin to describe the wonderful combinations of color and material; we cannot. There is dash and brilliancy and modesty and all combined, and at figures that will be a genuine surprise to many.

**THE WONDER MILLINERY,**  
Meyer Bros.,  
Successors to Lud Zobel & Co.  
219 S. Spring St.

Eating hot bread and biscuits has been considered unhealthy since the world's creation.

**DR. FOX'S HEALTH BAKING POWDER**  
Makes it healthy because it is a Pure Peppin Cream of Tartar Baking Powder.

**IF** A sure, good cup of Coffee is desired, buy Chase & Sanborne's.

**VERXA,**  
Sole Agent,  
Cor. Broadway and 3d.

**EVERY-STAUD SHOE CO.**  
Byrne Building, Broadway near Third.  
"Always satisfactory to the wearer."

**NEW BODIE COLLAR**

**SHOW CASES** 1/2 price, 5, 6 and 8 feet, nickel frame, good as new.

A good Santa Ana 120-egg INCUBATOR, \$10.

L. T. MARTIN, 531-3 S. Spring St., Los Angeles

## A Mid-week Special Sale.

Our patrons know what our "Special Sales" mean to them—a saving. To us they mean—a loss, and that is why we limit the time and sometimes the quantities. This sale is a very special one. Every item is cut down to its lowest possible price. Six o'clock tonight ends it. Tomorrow morning everything goes back to its regular price. Better come. Better save while the opportunity is offered.

## Special Laces.

A large assortment of Cream and White Silk Chantilly Laces, 7 and 8 inch wide, are dainty patterns, sold regularly at 50c; special today at 15c.

23 pieces White Wash Lace in new Normandy Valenciennes patterns, 3 to 5 inch wide and excellent wearing; 40c signs, 30c qualities; special today at 12 1/2c.

## Embroideries.

60 pieces of Embroideries, selected from our 10c and 15c lines, 3 to 6 inch wide, openwork patterns, excellent wash materials; special at 8 1/2c.

## Infants' Caps.

Infants' Fine Lawn Caps, made French style, ruche edged with Valenciennes lace, new spring goods, 30c caps; special today at 19c.

## Muslin Gowns.

Ladies' Gown of good muslin, Mother Hubbard style, neck and sleeves trimmed with cambric ruche and finished braid, excellent 30c gowns; today only at 39c.

## Ladies' Vests.

Ladies' Fine Wool Swiss Ribbed Vests, ruche edged with Valenciennes lace and no sleeves, pink, blue, natural, cream and black, regular \$1.00 grades; special at 39c.

## Corset Waists.

Children's Corset Waist of fine drilling with double row of buttons, taped seams, sizes 2 to 5 years, regular 30c values; today only at 12 1/2c.

## Organdies.

A case of fine Organdy Lawns in the newest plaids and floral printings, regular 12 1/2c values; special 8 1/2c at 11 to 2, 8 values; today only at 1 1/2c.

## Cotton Dress Goods.

Made in exact imitation of the Wool Checks so popular this season, double fold, 36c grade; special at 12 1/2c.

## Special Sheets.

75 dozens of hemmed and hemstitched three-quarter bed sheets, extra large size, 22x36 inches, very absorbent, best quality, worth 40c each; special today at 2 1/2c.

## Special Towels.

Bleached Marseilles Towels, extra large size, 22x36 inches, very absorbent and heavily fringed, 12 1/2c values; special today at 8 1/2c.

## Opal Glass Plates.

It is a popular fad to decorate these plates. Open edge Opal Glass Plates in heart, square, diamond and oval shapes; special at 10c.

## Dress Goods.

All-Wool Mixed and Broken Checked Dress Goods in new spring styles and all-wool solid colored tricoes, 36c values; today only at 25c.

## Black Goods.

Jacquard Figured Black Dress Goods, mohair and wool, excellent patterns, regular 30c quality; today only at 35c.

## Special Silks.

Beautiful Plaid Taffetas, Satin Plaid Taffetas, Bayadere Stripes, 34-inch Moore Antique, 34-inch Black Satin Duchesse and Rhadama, and 27-inch Black Taffetas at 25 and \$1.00 grades; today at 15c.

## Lining Specials.

Here are three Lining Specials for today only:  
15c Percales at 8 1/2c  
12c Elastic Canvas at 8 1/2c  
25c Farmer's Satin at 13c

## Music Tomorrow.

## Women's Shoes.

Dark Tan Kid Kid Lace Shoes with fancy vesting cloth tops, new coin toes, flexible soles, all sizes, all widths, a superb 60 grade; today only at \$2.50.

## Misses' Shoes.

Misses' Bright Dongola Kid Lace and Button Shoes, coin toes, patent leather tips, spring heels, sizes 11 to 2, 8 values; today only at \$1.50.

## Men's Shoes.

Men's Black Kid Kid Lace Shoes, made with silk vesting tops, hand-sewed soles, English last, like illustration, latest style of toe, 8 1/2 is the regular price; today only at \$2.80.

## New Parasols.

New Parasols of checked silk in the most popular colors, stained and natural wood handles to \$1.39 match; today at 1 1/2c.

## Men's Neckwear.

Men's All-silk Neckwear in tecks, four-in-hands and bows, odd lines left from our 30c and 50c grades; today only at 15c.

## Men's Hats.

Men's Fur Fedora Hats in seal brown, all-silk band and binding; today only at 79c.

## Boys' Waists.

Boys' Fauntleroy Blouses, ruffled front, collar and cuffs made of finest lawn and worth 50c; special at 25c.

Boys' French Percale Waists, fast colors, plaited back and front, patent buttons, extra value at 60c; special today at 25c.

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## Special Hosiery.

Ladies' Fast Black Real Maco Hosiery with double heels and toes, and very elastic, 25c quality; today at 15c.

Boys' and Girls' Extra Heavy Fast Hosiery with extra thick heels and toes, 25c grades; today at 15c.

## Kid Gloves.

Odd lines of 3-clasp, 3-clasp, 4-hook and 4-button real French Kid Gloves, in black and colors, regular \$1.50 kinds; today only at 79c.

## Hand Mirrors.

At the Drug Department are about 200 Tribby Hand Mirrors in silver and bronze, which sold at \$2.00 25c each; today only at 10c.

## Shaving Soap.

The Celebrated Nonpareil Shaving Soap which yields a lasting, fragrant lather, regular price 6 cakes for 35c; special today only at 6 for 18c, or 3 for 10c.

## Ladies' Sailors.

New Fancy Straw Sailors in black, white, navy, brown and red, Ladies' and Misses' sizes, well worth \$5.75; you'll find for 75c; today only at 45c.

## Shirt Waists.

Ladies' Lawn Waists in a large variety of colors and patterns, all desirable styles and well made, limit of three to a customer, real 30c values; sale price ..... \$1.75.

## Dress Skirts.

Ladies' Novelty Dress Skirts in brown, green, black and navy, broken plaids, made with good lining, perfect hanging, well worth \$5.75; sale price ..... \$1.75.

## Ladies' Wrappers.

Our entire line of Calico and Flannellette Wrappers which sold at 85c, \$1.00 and \$1.25, made with fitted waist lining, full skirt, braid trimmed and up to date in every particular, we place them on sale in two lots; one lot at 75c, one lot at 49c.

## Cushion Covers.